

# **Oracle® Banking Platform Collections**

Interface Specification Guide

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# Preface

This document covers the staging data table structure and the services exposed by the system for host systems to use.

This preface contains the following topics:

- [Audience](#)
- [Documentation Accessibility](#)
- [Organization of the Guide](#)
- [Related Documents](#)
- [Conventions](#)

## Audience

This document is intended for the following audience:

- IT Deployment Team
- Consulting Staff
- Administrators

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## Organization of the Guide

This document contains:

### Chapter 1, "Introduction"

This chapter presents an overview of staging area and services exposed.

### Chapter 2, "System Overview"

This chapter provides information about the modules or systems interfaced with OBP Collections.

### Chapter 3, "Staging Area"

This chapter provides details of the feeder tables.

### Chapter 4, "Algorithms"

This chapter outlines the pre-shipped algorithm details.

### Chapter 5, "Feeder Services"

This chapter lists the services exposed by collections for data updates.

## Related Documents

For more information, see the following documentation:

- For the complete list of the adapters for integration with Oracle Banking Platform modules and technology stacks such as DMS / Alert / Email systems, see the Oracle Banking Platform Collections Adapter Configuration Guide.

## Conventions

The following text conventions are used in this document:

Convention	Meaning
<b>boldface</b>	Boldface type indicates graphical user interface elements associated with an action, or terms defined in text or the glossary.
<i>italic</i>	Italic type indicates book titles, emphasis, or placeholder variables for which you supply particular values.
monospace	Monospace type indicates commands within a paragraph, URLs, code in examples, text that appears on the screen, or text that you enter.

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## Introduction

In Oracle Banking Platform, Collection system identifies delinquent accounts, fetches the account and party related data and stores it in the staging tables. After validation of these records, entity creation batch processes these records and moves them to Collections tables. For other host systems, it is expected that delinquent account data is pushed into these staging tables.

The feeder services exposed by Collections are invoked when changes in data take place in OBP. These services bring modified data into staging tables before batch processes these and update collections tables.

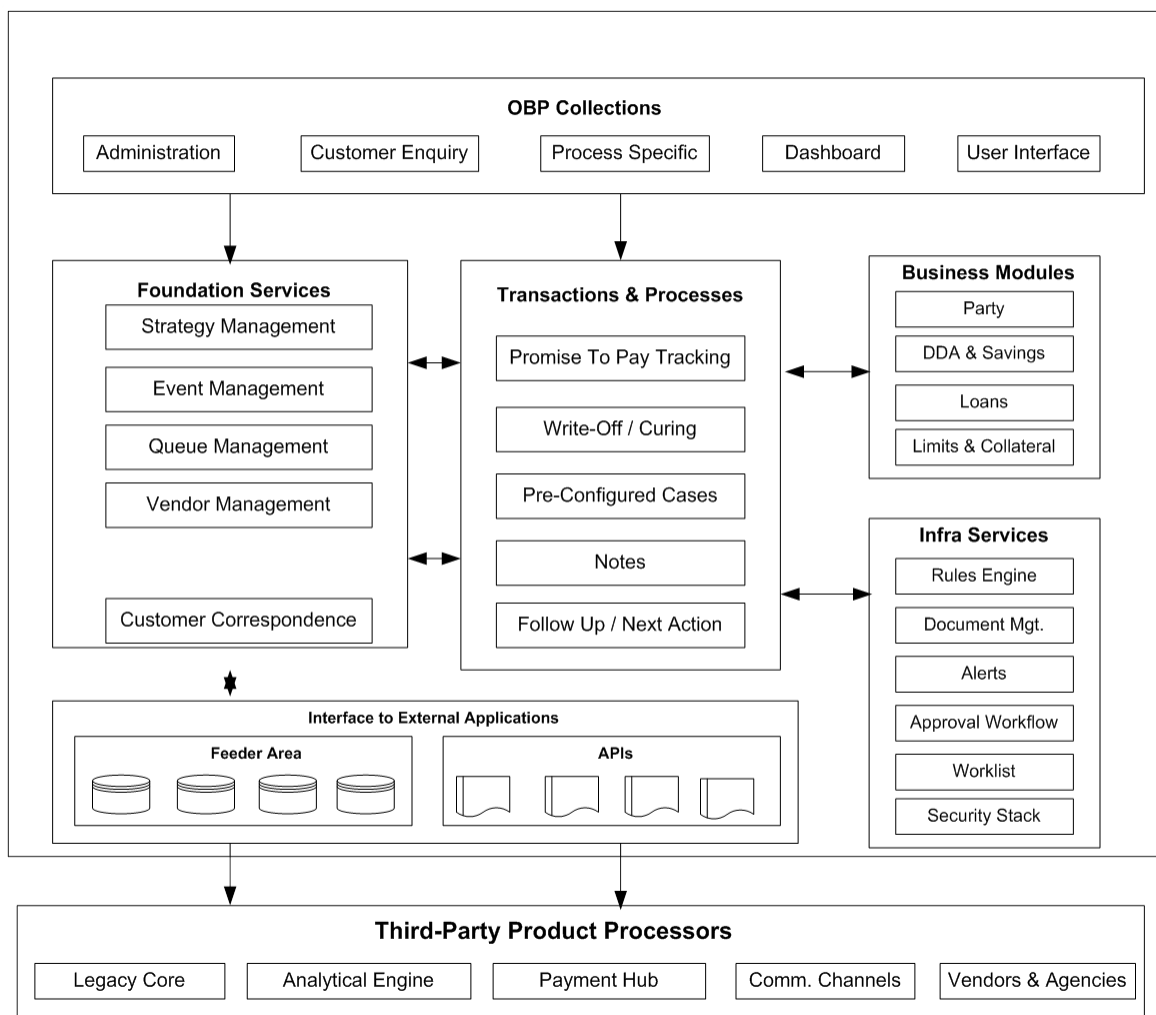


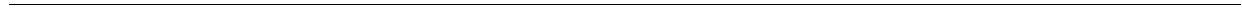
## System Overview

This chapter provides information about the modules or systems interfaced with OBP Collections.

The diagram below shows the interface that Collections has with other modules or systems. It depicts the collections flow and its interface with OBP modules.

**Figure 2-1 System Overview**





## Staging Area

This chapter provides information about the modules or systems interfaced with OBP Collections.

### 3.1 Feeder Tables

The feeder tables listed in this section provide a staging area for the host systems to push data. Offline collection batch process reads this data and creates accounts in Collections.

#### 3.1.1 Account Data

This section provides information on the tables related to accounts.

##### 3.1.1.1 Account Details

**Table Name:** Account Details (CI\_FDR\_ACCT)

**Description:** This table holds account related data from host.

**Table 3–1 Account Details**

Field Name	Description	Values	Data Type	Length	Required	Column Name
Account No	Account Number as stored in Host		VARCHAR 2	40	Y	HOST_ACCT_ NBR
Host ID	Source Host ID for host		VARCHAR 2	10	Y	SRC_HOST_ID
Business Unit	Business Unit of the Account. This field is used only if multi-branding features are to be used.		VARCHAR 2	40	N	BUSINESS_ UNIT
Market Entity	Market Entity to which account belongs. This field is used only if multi-branding features are to be used.		VARCHAR 2	40	N	MARKET_ ENTITY
Facility ID	Facility ID under which account is created. This field is used based on the structure of accounts in the host.		VARCHAR 2	40	N	FACILITY_ID

**Table 3–1 (Cont.) Account Details**

Field Name	Description	Values	Data Type	Length	Required	Column Name
Liability ID	Liability ID under which the Facility ID of the account has been created. This field is used based on the structure of accounts in the host.		VARCHAR2	40	N	LIABILITY_ID
Product Class	Product Class of the account	Lending, CASA	VARCHAR2	10	Y	HOST_PROD_CLASS_CD
Product Group	Product Group associated with the account	Auto, Loan, and so on	VARCHAR2	30	Y	HOST_PROD_GRP_CD
Product Code	Code of the banking product offered to the customer		VARCHAR2	10	Y	HOST_PROD_CD
System Account Status	As defined in the host	Regular, Dormant, Closed, Written Off	VARCHAR2	20	Y	HOST_SYS_ACCT_STAT_FLG
User defined Account Status	As defined in the host	For example, Debit Block, Credit Block, and so on.	VARCHAR2	100	N	USR_DEF_ACCT_STAT_FLG
Accrual Status	This field displays the accrual status for the account.	Normal, Suspended	CHAR	1	Y	ACCRL_STAT_FLG
Asset Classification Code	As identified by the host		VARCHAR2	30	Y	ASST_CLASS_CD
Repayment Frequency	Repayment Frequency of the loan	Monthly, weekly, quarterly	VARCHAR2	30	N	REPAYMNT_FREQ
Un-Cleared Payment Amount	Sum of all uncleared credits to the account		NUMBER	36,18	N	UNCLR_PAYMNT_AMT
Loan Maturity Date	Date when loan matures		DATE	10	Y	MATURITY_DT
Redraw Count	Number of times a redraw has been performed		NUMBER	3,0	N	REDRAW_CNT
Account Write Off Date	Date when account is fully written off/ abandoned		DATE	10	N	WRITE_OFF_DT
Account Write Off Amount	Written off loan amt (abandonment amount). Total of all sums written off will be given.		NUMBER	36,18	N	WRITE_OFF_AMT
Last Provision Date	Date on which the provision entry was last accounted		DATE	10	N	LAST_PROVSN_DT



Table 3-1 (Cont.) Account Details

Field Name	Description	Values	Data Type	Length	Required	Column Name
Provision Balance	Latest balance in Provision GL for the account		NUMBER	36,18	N	LAST_PROVSN_BAL
Last Principal Write Off date	Date on which the principal write off entry was last passed		DATE	10	N	LAST_PRNCPL_WRITE_OFF_DT
Principal Write Off Balance	Latest balance in Principal Write Off GL for the account		NUMBER	36,18	N	LAST_PRNCPL_WRITE_OFF_BAL
Loan Purpose Type	Loan purpose types as applicable to the host		VARCHAR2	20	N	ACCT_PURPS_TYPE
Loan Purpose Code	List of values as per loan purpose type		VARCHAR2	20	N	ACCT_PURPS_CD
Date of last loan restructure	Date when the loan was last restructured		DATE	10	N	LAST_ACCT_RESTR_DT
Offer ID	Offer ID applicable to the customer account		VARCHAR2	30	N	OFFER_ID
Offer Name	Offer Name as per the Offer ID provided		VARCHAR2	60	N	OFFER_NAME
Account Opening Date or Initial Disbursement Date	Term Loan: First Disbursement Date OD: Date on which OD facility is provided Current Account with TOD facility: TOD utilization Date - Derived		DATE	10	Y	SETUP_DT
Account Currency Code	Currency code of the account		VARCHAR2	3	Y	ACCT_CURR_CD
Outstanding Amount	Outstanding Amount for the account	<b>OD Accounts:</b> OD Limit Utilized + AUF Limit Utilized + Overdue Amount  <b>Term Loans :</b> Outstanding Principal - RPA Balance + Overdue Amount	NUMBER	36,18	Y	OUTSTANDING_AMT

**Table 3-1 (Cont.) Account Details**

Field Name	Description	Values	Data Type	Length	Required	Column Name
Overdue Amount	Overdue amount for the account	<b>OD Accounts:</b> TOD utilized + Overline utilized + Temporary Excess utilized  <b>Term Loans :</b> All amounts due and still unpaid	NUMBER	36,18	Y	OVERDUE_ AMT
Account Limit	Sanctioned Limit offered to the account	<b>OD Accounts :</b> OD limit + Temporary Excess limit  <b>Term Loans :</b> Sanctioned Amount	NUMBER	36,18	Y	OVERLIMIT_ AMT
DPD	Longest Days past due value computed by the host		NUMBER	4,0	Y	DAYS_PAST_ DUE
Delinquency Start Date	Current Delinquency Start Date. To be sent only once with the initial data hand off.		DATE	10	N	DEL_START_ DT
Installment(s) in Arrears	Total number of installments in arrears	Installment amount can at most consist of Principal, Interest and Fees. Even if one of the components is not fully paid; the installment will be construed as 'In Arrears'.	NUMBER	4,0	N	INSTALLMEN T_IN_ARS
Disbursed Amount	Amount disbursed so far in case of a tranche		NUMBER	36,18	N	DISBRS_ AMT
Available for Disbursement	Total loan amount available for disbursement		NUMBER	36,18	N	TOTL_AVL_ DISBRS_ AMT
Last Payment Date	Last Payment Date - Customer initiated credit.		DATE	10	N	LAST_ PAYMENT_DT
Last Payment Amount	Last Payment Amount - Customer initiated credit.		NUMBER	36,18	N	LAST_ PAYMENT_ AMT
Amount of Debit Interest Accrued	Applicable only to accounts with Debit balance		NUMBER	36,18	N	DR_INT_ ACCRD_ AMT
Interest Rate	Rate of interest for current applicable stage		NUMBER	5,0	Y	INT_RATE

Table 3-1 (Cont.) Account Details

Field Name	Description	Values	Data Type	Length	Required	Column Name
Interest Type	Fixed or Floating		VARCHAR 2	14	Y	INT_TYPE
Address Type Code	Overriding address type configured for an account		VARCHAR 2	20	N	ADDR_TYPE_CD
Employee Account Flag	Indicate if the account belongs to a bank employee	Y/N	VARCHAR 2	1	Y	EMPLOYEE_ACCT_FLG
Minor Account Status	Indicate if the account belongs to a minor	Y/N	VARCHAR 2	40	Y	MINOR_ACCOUNT_STATUS_TYPE
Home Branch	Home Branch of the account		VARCHAR 2	20	Y	BRANCH_CD
User Defined Field 1	User Defined Field in case any additional attributes are required	<b>Exposure at Default :</b> String value coming from third party interface	VARCHAR 2	60	N	UDF1
User Defined Field 2	User Defined Field in case any additional attributes are required	<b>Loss Given Default :</b> String value coming from third party interface	VARCHAR 2	60	N	UDF2
User Defined Field 3	User Defined Field in case any additional attributes are required	<b>Expected Loss :</b> String value coming from third party interface	VARCHAR 2	60	N	UDF3
User Defined Field 4	User Defined Field in case any additional attributes are required	<b>Risk Weighted Asset Calculation :</b> String value coming from third party interface	VARCHAR 2	60	N	UDF4
User Defined Field 5	User Defined Field in case any additional attributes are required		VARCHAR 2	60	N	UDF5
User Defined Field 6	User Defined Field in case any additional attributes are required		VARCHAR 2	60	N	UDF6
User Defined Field 7	User Defined Field in case any additional attributes are required		VARCHAR 2	60	N	UDF7
User Defined Field 8	User Defined Field in case any additional attributes are required		VARCHAR 2	60	N	UDF8
User Defined Field 9	User Defined Field in case any additional attributes are required		VARCHAR 2	60	N	UDF9

**Table 3–1 (Cont.) Account Details**

Field Name	Description	Values	Data Type	Length	Required	Column Name
User Defined Field 10	User Defined Field in case any additional attributes are required		VARCHAR2	60	N	UDF10
User Defined Field 11	User Defined Field in case any additional attributes are required		VARCHAR2	60	N	UDF11
User Defined Field 12	User Defined Field in case any additional attributes are required		VARCHAR2	60	N	UDF12
User Defined Field 13	User Defined Field in case any additional attributes are required		VARCHAR2	60	N	UDF13
User Defined Field 14	User Defined Field in case any additional attributes are required		VARCHAR2	60	N	UDF14
User Defined Field 15	User Defined Field in case any additional attributes are required		VARCHAR2	60	N	UDF15
User Defined Field 16	User Defined Field in case any additional attributes are required		VARCHAR2	60	N	UDF16
User Defined Field 17	User Defined Field in case any additional attributes are required		VARCHAR2	60	N	UDF17
User Defined Field 18	User Defined Field in case any additional attributes are required		VARCHAR2	60	N	UDF18
User Defined Field 19	User Defined Field in case any additional attributes are required		VARCHAR2	60	N	UDF19
User Defined Field 20	User Defined Field in case any additional attributes are required		VARCHAR2	60	N	UDF20
Reason for Delinquency	Reason code for delinquency of the account		VARCHAR2	40	N	HOST_REASON_FOR_DELINQUENCY
Redraw Availability	Facility to redraw loan	Y/N	CHAR	1	Y	FDR_REDRAW_AVL_SW
Joint Applicant	Indicates if the account has a Joint Applicant	Y/N	VARCHAR2	1	Y	FDR_JOINT_APPLICANT_SW
Delinquent	Indicates if the account is delinquent	Y/N	VARCHAR2	1	Y	FDR_IS_DELINQUENT_SW
Non Starter	Indicates if the customer defaults the first installment after disbursement	Y/N	VARCHAR2	1	Y	FDR_NON_STARTER_SW

**Table 3-1 (Cont.) Account Details**

Field Name	Description	Values	Data Type	Length	Required	Column Name
Behavior Score	Current Behavior Score captured at account level		VARCHAR 2	10	N	FDR_BEHAVIOR_SCORE
Probability of Default	Current Probability of default captured at account level		VARCHAR 2	60	N	PROBABILITY_OF_DEFLT_VAL
Application Score	Application Score captured at the time of opening of account		VARCHAR 2	10	N	FDR_APPL_SCR
Loan to Value Ratio	Loan to Value Ratio (Book/ Bank Value is considered) - Value of External Charge on Collateral is considered while calculating LVR		NUMBER	5,2	N	FDR_LTV_VAL
Loan to Value Ratio	Loan to Value Ratio (MTM is considered) - Value of External Charge on Collateral is considered while calculating LVR		NUMBER	5,2	N	FDR_LVR_VAL
Joint Nomination flag	Joint Nomination flag		VARCHAR 2	1	N	FDR_JOINT_NOMINATION_SW
Record Type	Signifies if the data is created initially or is updated for existing data	I - Insert U - Update	VARCHAR 2	10	Y	RCD_TYPE
Record Creation Date	Date on which data is fed to Collections		DATE	10	Y	CRET_DTTM
BICOE loan account Switch	BICOE loan account Switch		CHAR	1	N	BICOE_LOAN_SW
Customer Class Code	Customer Class Code		VARCHAR 2	8	N	CUST_CL_CD
First Default date	First Default date		DATE	10	N	FIRST_DEFAULT_DATE
Last Days Past Due update Date	Last Days Past Due		DATE	10	N	LAST_DPD_UPDATE_DT
Relationship Officer Code	Relationship Officer Code		VARCHAR 2	40	N	RELATION_OFFICER_CODE
FDR_FORCED_SW	FDR Forced SW		VARCHAR 2	1	Y	FDR_FORCED_SW
FORCED_REASON_CD	Forced Reason CD		VARCHAR 2	4	Y	FORCED_REASON_CD
IOA_BALANCE_AMT	IOA Balance Amount		NUMBER	36,18	N	IOA_BALANCE_AMT

**3.1.1.2 Account Arrears Details****Table Name:** Account Arrear Details (CI\_FDR\_ACCT\_ARS)**Description:** This table holds account arrears data from host.**Table 3–2 Account Arrears Details**

Field Name	Description	Values	Data Type	Length	Required	Column Name
Account No	Account Number as stored in Host		VARCHAR2	40	Y	HOST_ACCT_NBR
Host ID	Source Host ID for host		VARCHAR2	10	Y	SRC_HOST_ID
Sequence Number	Sequence Number for arrear type		VARCHAR2	50	Y	REFERENCE_VAL
Arrear Type	Arrear type like interest, fee, and so on		VARCHAR2	40	N	ARS_TYPE
Arrear Amount	Total arrear rose per arrear type. Details of arrear type should be sent only where arrear amount > 0		NUMBER	36,18	N	ARS_ASSESSED_AMT
Paid Amount	Amount paid so far. Zero if no payments are received.		NUMBER	36,18	N	ARS_PAID_AMT
Arrear Due	As calculated by Host		NUMBER	36,18	N	ARS_DUE_AMT
Last Payment Date	Date when last payment was received		DATE	10	N	LAST_PAYMENT_DT
Days in Arrear	Days this arrear is open. Zero is a valid value.		NUMBER	4,0	N	DAYS_IN_ARS
Installment Number	Installment Number		NUMBER	5,0	N	INSTALLMENT_NUM
Record Creation Date	Date on which data is fed to Collections.		DATE	10	Y	CRET_DTTM
Record Type	Signifies if the data is created initially or is updated for existing data	I - Insert U - Update	VARCHAR2	10	Y	RCD_TYPE
Process Status	To check the current status of process. Default is P-Pending.		VARCHAR2	1	Y	PROCESS_STATUS
Message Category Number	Defined error message category		NUMBER	5,0	Y	MESSAGE_CAT_NBR
Message Number	Error message number		NUMBER	5,0	Y	MESSAGE_NBR
Record Update Date	Date on which the record is updated		DATE	10	N	RECORD_UPDATE_DT
Record Exist Switch	To check whether record is already available or not		VARCHAR2	1	Y	RECORD_EXISTS_SW
ARS_DUE_DT	RES due date		DATE	10	N	ARS_DUE_DT

### 3.1.1.3 Account Hardship Details

**Table Name:** Account Hardship Details (CI\_FDR\_ACCT\_HARDSHIP\_DTLS)

**Description:** This table holds account hardship data from host.

**Table 3–3 Account Hardship Details**

Field Name	Description	Values	Data Type	Length	Required	Column Name
Account No	Account Number as stored in Host		VARCHAR2	40	Y	HOST_ACCT_NBR
Host ID	Source Host ID for host		VARCHAR2	10	Y	SRC_HOST_ID
Application ID	Hardship Application ID		VARCHAR2	40	Y	HARSHIP_APPLICATION_ID
Relief Effective Date	Will be unique per Application ID		DATE	10	Y	RELIEF_EFFECTIVE_DT
Relief Expiry Date	Will be unique per Application ID		DATE	10	Y	RELIEF_EXPIRY_DT
Relief Type(s)	Can be more than 1 per application ID		VARCHAR2	40	Y	RELIEF_TYPE
Number of Payments Waived	Number of Payments Waived		NUMBER	4,0	N	NO_PAYMNT_WAIVED
User's Discretionary Margin (UDM)	These field details will be received only in case of Change Interest Rate relief type.		VARCHAR2	60	N	USR_DISCRTN_MRGN
UDM Start Date	User's discretionary Margin start date for the relief		DATE	10	N	USR_DISCRTN_MRGN_START_DT
UDM End Date	User's discretionary Margin end date for the relief		DATE	10	N	USR_DISCRTN_MRGN_END_DT
Reason for UDM	Reason for User's discretionary Margin		VARCHAR2	200	N	USR_DISCRTN_MRGN_RSN
Status	Current Status of Hardship Relief if applicable		CHAR	60	N	STATUS
Original Relief Type	Original Relief Type		VARCHAR2	40	N	ORIG_RELIEF_TYPE
Record Creation Date	Date on which the data is fed to Collections		DATE	10	N	CRET_DTTM
Record Type	Signifies if the data is created initially or is update for existing data	I - Insert U - Update	VARCHAR2	10	Y	RCD_TYPE
Process Status	To check the current status of process. Default is P-Pending.		VARCHAR2	1	Y	PROCESS_STATUS

**Table 3–3 (Cont.) Account Hardship Details**

Field Name	Description	Values	Data Type	Length	Required	Column Name
Message Category Number	Defined error message category		NUMBER	5,0	Y	MESSAGE_CAT_NBR
Message Number	Error message number		NUMBER	5,0	Y	MESSAGE_NBR
Record Update Date	Date on which the record is updated		DATE	10	N	RECORD_UPDATE_DT
Record Exist Switch	To check whether record is already available or not		VARCHAR2	1	Y	RECORD_EXISTS_SW

### 3.1.1.4 Account Repayment Schedule

**Table Name:** Account Repayment Schedule (CI\_FDR\_REPAYMENT\_SCH)

**Description:** This table holds account repayment schedule data from host.

**Table 3–4 Account Repayment Schedule**

Field Name	Description	Value	Data Type	Length	Required	Column Name
Account No	Account Number as stored in Host		VARCHAR2	40	Y	HOST_ACCT_NBR
Host ID	Source Host ID for host		VARCHAR2	10	Y	SRC_HOST_ID
Date	Date when the installments are to be recovered		DATE	10	Y	INSTALLMENT_DT
Amount	Installment amount		NUMBER	36,18	N	INSTALLMENT_AMT
Principal	Principal component		NUMBER	36,18	N	PRINCIPAL_AMT
Interest	Interest component		NUMBER	36,18	N	INTEREST_AMT
Fee	Fee component, if any		NUMBER	36,18	N	FEE_AMT
Balance	Outstanding balance after the installment is paid		NUMBER	36,18	N	PRINCIPAL_BALANCE
Installment Number	Installment number as per the loan structure		NUMBER	5,0	N	INSTALLMENT_NUM
Record Creation Date	Date on which data is fed to Collections		DATE	10	N	CRET_DTTM
Record Type	Signifies if the data is created initially or is update for existing data	I - Insert U - Update	VARCHAR2	10	Y	RCD_TYPE
Process Status	To check the current status of the process. Default is P-Pending.		VARCHAR2	1	Y	PROCESS_STATUS
Message Category Number	Defined error message category		NUMBER	5,0	Y	MESSAGE_CAT_NBR



**Table 3-4 (Cont.) Account Repayment Schedule**

Field Name	Description	Value	Data Type	Length	Required	Column Name
Message Number	Error message number		NUMBER	5,0	Y	MESSAGE_NBR
Record Update Date	Date on which the record is updated		DATE	10	N	RECORD_UPDATE_DT
Record Exist Switch	To check whether record is already available or not		VARCHAR2	1	Y	RECORD_EXISTS_SW

### 3.1.1.5 Account Warning Indicator

**Table Name:** Account Warning Indicator (CI\_FDR\_ACCT\_WARNING\_IND)

**Description:** This table holds account warning indicators data from host.

**Table 3-5 Account Warning Indicator**

Field Name	Description	Value	Data Type	Length	Required	Column Name
Account No	Account Number as stored in Host		VARCHAR2	40	Y	HOST_ACCT_NBR
Host ID	Source Host ID for host		VARCHAR2	10	Y	SRC_HOST_ID
Warning Indicator Code	Warning Indicator code as stored in host		VARCHAR2	50	Y	WARN_IND_CD
Warning Indicator Value	Warning Indicator Value		VARCHAR2	1	N	WARN_IND_VAL
Start Date	Start Date for warning indicator		DATE	10	N	START_DT
End Date	End Date for the warning indicator code		DATE	10	N	END_DT
Record Creation Date	Date on which data is fed to Collections		DATE	10	N	CRET_DTTM
Record Type	Signifies if the data is created initially or is update for existing data	I - Insert U - Update	VARCHAR2	10	Y	RCD_TYPE
Process Status	To check the current status of process. Default is P-Pending.		VARCHAR2	1	Y	PROCESS_STATUS
Message Category	Defined error message category		NUMBER	5,0	Y	MESSAGE_CAT_NBR
Message Number	Error message number		NUMBER	5,0	Y	MESSAGE_NBR
Record Update Date	Date on which the record is updated		DATE	10	N	RECORD_UPDATE_DT
Record Exist Switch	To check whether record is already available or not		VARCHAR2	1	Y	RECORD_EXISTS_SW

### 3.1.2 Party Data

This section provides information on the tables related to party.

### 3.1.2.1 Party Account Relationship

**Table Name:** Party Account Relationship (CI\_FDR\_ACCT\_PER)

**Description:** This table holds account party relationships data from host.

**Table 3–6 Account Party Relationship**

Field Name	Description	Value	Data Type	Length	Required	Column Name
Account Number	Account Number in Host		VARCHAR2	40	Y	HOST_ACCT_NBR
Host ID	Source Host ID for host		VARCHAR2	10	Y	SRC_HOST_ID
Party ID	Party ID as stored in Host		VARCHAR2	40	Y	HOST_CUST_NBR
Account Relationship	Account Relationship Code	Sole Owner, Joint and First, Joint and Others, Trustee Auth Signatory and Power of Attorney	CHAR	8	Y	ACCT_REL_TYPE_CD
Phone Banking Flag	This flag signifies if the phone banking flag is enabled for the customer account relationship if maintained at this level.		VARCHAR2	1	N	FDR_PHONE_BANK_SW
Internet Banking Flag	This flag signifies if the internet banking flag is enabled for the customer account relationship if maintained at this level.		VARCHAR2	1	N	FDR_INTERNET_BANK_SW
Mobile Banking Flag	This flag signifies if the mobile banking flag is enabled for the customer account relationship if maintained at this level.		VARCHAR2	1	N	FDR_MOBILE_BANK_SW
ATM Card Flag	This flag signifies if the ATM Card has been issued to the customer for this account.		VARCHAR2	1	N	FDR_ATM_SW
Debit Card Flag	This flag signifies if the Debit Card has been issued to the customer for this account.		VARCHAR2	1	N	FDR_DEBITCARD_SW
UDF1	User Defined Fields		VARCHAR2	60	N	UDF1
UDF2	User Defined Fields		VARCHAR2	60	N	UDF2
UDF3	User Defined Fields		VARCHAR2	60	N	UDF3
UDF4	User Defined Fields		VARCHAR2	60	N	UDF4
UDF5	User Defined Fields		VARCHAR2	60	N	UDF5

**Table 3–6 (Cont.) Account Party Relationship**

Field Name	Description	Value	Data Type	Length	Required	Column Name
UDF6	User Defined Fields		VARCHAR2	60	N	UDF6
UDF7	User Defined Fields		VARCHAR2	60	N	UDF7
UDF8	User Defined Fields		VARCHAR2	60	N	UDF8
UDF9	User Defined Fields		VARCHAR2	60	N	UDF9
UDF10	User Defined Fields		VARCHAR2	60	N	UDF10
Record Creation Date	Date on which data is fed to Collections		DATE	10	N	CRET_DTTM
Record Type	Signifies if the data is created initially or is update for existing data	I - Insert U - Update	VARCHAR2	10	Y	RCD_TYPE
Account Nick Name	Account Nick Name		VARCHAR2	120	N	ACCT_NICKNAME
CORRES_NOMINATION_SW	Correspondence nomination switch		CHAR	1	N	CORRES_NOMINATION_SW
Process Status	To check the current status of the process. Default is P-Pending.		VARCHAR2	1	Y	PROCESS_STATUS
Message Category Number	Defined error message category		NUMBER	5,0	Y	MESSAGE_CAT_NBR
Message Number	Error message number		NUMBER	5,0	Y	MESSAGE_NBR
Record Update Date	Date on which the record is updated		DATE	10	N	RECORD_UPDATE_DT
Record Exist Switch	To check whether the record is available or not		VARCHAR2	1	Y	RECORD_EXISTS_SW
RMB main customer	RMB main customer		CHAR	1	N	RMB_MAIN_CUST
Financial Responsible switch	Financial Responsible switch		CHAR	1	N	RMB_FIN_RESP

**3.1.2.2 Party Details**

**Table Name:** Party Details (CI\_FDR\_PER)

**Description:** This table holds party data from host.

**Table 3–7 Party Details**

Field Name	Description	Value	Data Type	Length	Required	Column Name
Feeder Person Id			VARCHAR2	10	Y	FDR_PER_ID
Party ID	Party ID as stored in Host		VARCHAR2	40	Y	HOST_CUST_NBR
Host ID	Source Host ID for host		VARCHAR2	10	Y	SRC_HOST_ID

**Table 3-7 (Cont.) Party Details**

Field Name	Description	Value	Data Type	Length	Required	Column Name
Determinant Value	Determinant Value for identification of Party. This will depend on setups in host and is used in case of multi-branding features.		VARCHAR2	60	Y	DETERMINANT_VALUE
Party Class	This field displays the party class of the customer. Party Class is a sub category in the Party Type. Fixed values for Individual party type are: Salaried Self Employed		VARCHAR2	40	N	PER_CL_CD
Date of Birth / Date of Incorporation/ Date of Trust Deed			DATE	10	N	BIRTH_DT
Marital Status	Marital Status of Party in case of Individual Customer		VARCHAR2	20	N	MARITAL_STAT_FLG
Customer Since			DATE	10	N	SETUP_DT
Gender	Gender of Individual Customer		VARCHAR2	4	N	GENDER
Preferred Language	Preferred Language of Communication		VARCHAR2	3	N	LANGUAGE_CD
Marketing Info Flag	Marketing Information Flag to continue communication		VARCHAR2	4	N	FDR_RECV_MKTG_INFO_FLG
Probability of Default	String value coming from third party interface		VARCHAR2	60	N	PROBABILITY_OF_DEFLT_VAL
3rd Party Flag	Indicates if a third party is associated to the party	Y/N	VARCHAR2	1	N	FDR_THIRD_PARTY_SW
Internet Banking Flag	This flag signifies if internet banking flag is enabled for the customer	Y/N	VARCHAR2	1	N	FDR_INTERNET_BANK_SW
Phone Banking Flag	This flag signifies if phone banking flag is enabled for the customer	Y/N	VARCHAR2	1	N	FDR_PHONE_BANK_SW
VIP Flag	This flag signifies if this is a VIP customer	Y/N	VARCHAR2	1	N	FDR_VIP_PARTY_SW
Behavior Score	Also available at Customer Level - Numeric value coming from third party interface		VARCHAR2	10	N	FDR_BEHAVIOR_SCORE

**Table 3-7 (Cont.) Party Details**

Field Name	Description	Value	Data Type	Length	Required	Column Name
Customer Risk Score (CRS)	Customer Risk Score (CRS)		VARCHAR2	10	N	FDR_CUSTOMER_RISK_SCORE
Party Type	This field displays the party type. Valid values: - Individual - Corporate - Trust		VARCHAR2	10	Y	FDR_PER_OR_BUS_FLG
User Defined Value 1	User Defined Fields		VARCHAR2	60	N	UDF1
User Defined Value 2	User Defined Fields		VARCHAR2	60	N	UDF2
User Defined Value 3	User Defined Fields		VARCHAR2	60	N	UDF3
User Defined Value 4	User Defined Fields		VARCHAR2	60	N	UDF4
User Defined Value 5	User Defined Fields		VARCHAR2	60	N	UDF5
User Defined Value 6	User Defined Fields		VARCHAR2	60	N	UDF6
User Defined Value 7	User Defined Fields		VARCHAR2	60	N	UDF7
User Defined Value 8	User Defined Fields		VARCHAR2	60	N	UDF8
User Defined Value 9	User Defined Fields		VARCHAR2	60	N	UDF9
User Defined Value 10	User Defined Fields		VARCHAR2	60	N	UDF10
User Defined Value 11	User Defined Fields		VARCHAR2	60	N	UDF11
User Defined Value 12	User Defined Fields		VARCHAR2	60	N	UDF12
User Defined Value 13	User Defined Fields		VARCHAR2	60	N	UDF13
User Defined Value 14	User Defined Fields		VARCHAR2	60	N	UDF14
User Defined Value 15	User Defined Fields		VARCHAR2	60	N	UDF15
User Defined Value 16	User Defined Fields		VARCHAR2	60	N	UDF16
User Defined Value 17	User Defined Fields		VARCHAR2	60	N	UDF17
User Defined Value 18	User Defined Fields		VARCHAR2	60	N	UDF18
User Defined Value 19	User Defined Fields		VARCHAR2	60	N	UDF19
User Defined Value 20	User Defined Fields		VARCHAR2	60	N	UDF20

**Table 3–7 (Cont.) Party Details**

Field Name	Description	Value	Data Type	Length	Required	Column Name
Record Creation Date	Date on which data is fed to Collections		DATE	10	N	CRET_DTTM
Record Type	Signifies if the data is created initially or is update for existing data	I - Insert U - Update	VARCHAR2	10	Y	RCD_TYPE
FDR_ABILITY_TO_PAY_FLG	Ability to pay		VARCHAR2	4	N	FDR_ABILITY_TO_PAY_FLG
REALIZN_STAT	Realization Stat		VARCHAR2	10	N	REALIZN_STAT
Process Status	To check the current status of the process. Default is P-Pending.		VARCHAR2	1	Y	PROCESS_STATUS
Message Category Number	Defined error message category		NUMBER	5,0	Y	MESSAGE_CAT_NBR
Message Number	Error message number		NUMBER	5,0	Y	MESSAGE_NBR
Record Update Date	Date on which the record is updated		DATE	10	N	RECORD_UPDATE_DT
Record Exist Switch	To check whether the record is available or not		VARCHAR2	1	Y	RECORD_EXISTS_SW
Enterprise customer number	OCH Number		VARCHAR2	60	N	FDR_ENTERPRISE_CUST_NBR

**3.1.2.3 Party Address Details****Table Name:** Party Address Details (CI\_FDR\_PER\_ADDR)**Description:** This table holds party address data from host.**Table 3–8 Party Address Details**

Field Name	Description	Value	Data Type	Length	Required	Column Name
Party ID	Party ID as stored in Host		VARCHAR2	40	Y	HOST_CUST_NBR
Host ID	Source Host ID for host		VARCHAR2	10	Y	SRC_HOST_ID
Address Type	Address Type Code maintained in Host	Home, Business, Postal, Seasonal	VARCHAR2	20	Y	ADDR_TYPE_CD
Sequence ID	Sequence ID maintained in Host for each address type in case multiple addresses are maintained for same address type		VARCHAR2	40	Y	FDR_ADDR_SEQ_ID
Address 1	Address Line 1		VARCHAR2	120	N	ADDRESS_LINE1

**Table 3–8 (Cont.) Party Address Details**

Field Name	Description	Value	Data Type	Length	Required	Column Name
Address 2	Address Line 2		VARCHAR2	120	N	ADDRESS_LINE2
Address 3	Address Line 3		VARCHAR2	120	N	ADDRESS_LINE3
Address 4	Address Line 4		VARCHAR2	120	N	ADDRESS_LINE4
City	City Code		VARCHAR2	50	N	CITY_CD
Country	Country Code		VARCHAR2	30	N	COUNTRY_CD
Post/ Zip/ Pin Code	Zip Code		VARCHAR2	30	N	ZIP_CD
Determinant Value	Determinant Value for identification of Party. This will depend on setups in host and is used in case of multi-branding features.		VARCHAR2	60	Y	DETERMINANT_VALUE
Status	Active or Inactive status		VARCHAR2	60	N	STATUS
Record Creation Date	Date on which data is fed to Collections		DATE	10	N	CRET_DTTM
Record Type	Signifies if the data is created initially or is update for existing data	I - Insert U - Update	VARCHAR2	10	N	RCD_TYPE
EFFECTIVE_DT	Effective date		DATE	10	Y	EFFECTIVE_DT
FDR_STATE_CD	State code		VARCHAR2	60	N	FDR_STATE_CD
Process Status	To check the current status of the process. Default is P-Pending.		VARCHAR2	1	N	PROCESS_STATUS
Message Category Number	Defined error message category		NUMBER	5,0	N	MESSAGE_CAT_NBR
Message Number	Error message number		NUMBER	5,0	N	MESSAGE_NBR
Record Update Date	Date on which the record is updated		DATE	10	N	RECORD_UPDATE_DT
Record Exist Switch	To check whether the record is available or not		VARCHAR2	1	Y	RECORD_EXISTS_SW
SEASON_START_MMDD	Season start month and day		VARCHAR2	4	N	SEASON_START_MMDD
SEASON_END_MMDD	Season end month and day		VARCHAR2	4	N	SEASON_END_MMDD

**3.1.2.4 Party Employment Details**

**Table Name:** Party Employment Details (CI\_FDR\_PER\_EMPLOYMENT\_PROF)

**Description:** This table holds party employment details from host.

**Table 3–9 Party Employment Details**

Field Name	Description	Value	Data Type	Length	Required	Column Name
Party ID	Party ID as stored in Host		VARCHAR2	40	Y	HOST_CUST_NBR
Host ID	Source Host ID for host		VARCHAR2	10	Y	SRC_HOST_ID
Determinant Value	Determinant Value for identification of Party. This will depend on setups in host and is used in case of multi-branding features.		VARCHAR2	60	Y	DETERMINANT_VALUE
Sequence ID	Sequence ID of Employment details		VARCHAR2	40	Y	FDR_EMP_SEQ_ID
Employment Status	Employment Status Code	<b>Employment Status:</b> For example, Full Time, Part Time, Home Duties, Non-Resident, Pensioner, Retired, Student, Superannuation, Unemployed	VARCHAR2	4	N	EMPLOYMENT_STAT_CD
Employment Type	Employment Type	<b>Employment Type:</b> For example, Others, Salaried, Self Employed, Both- Salaried and Self Employed	VARCHAR2	30	N	EMPLOYMENT_TYPE
Employer Name	Name of the employer of the customer		VARCHAR2	120	N	EMPLOYER_NAME
Industry Type	Industry Type		VARCHAR2	30	N	INDUSTRY_TYPE
Company Type		For example, Public Limited, Private Limited, Government Organization	VARCHAR2	30	N	COMPANY_TYPE
Occupation	Occupation		VARCHAR2	30	N	PROFESSION_TYPE
Designation	Designation		VARCHAR2	120	N	DESIGNATION_TXT



**Table 3–9 (Cont.) Party Employment Details**

Field Name	Description	Value	Data Type	Length	Required	Column Name
Gross Annual Salary	Gross Annual Salary		NUMBER	36,18	N	GRS_ ANNUAL_ INCOME
Start Date	Start Date		DATE	10	N	START_DT
End Date	End Date		DATE	10	N	END_DT
Status	Status		VARCHAR2	60	N	STATUS
Record Creation Date	Date on which data is fed to Collections		DATE	10	N	CRET_DTTM
Record Type	Signifies if the data is created initially or is update for existing data	I - Insert U - Update	VARCHAR2	10	Y	RCD_TYPE
Process Status	To check the current status of the process. Default is P-Pending.		VARCHAR2	1	Y	PROCESS_ STATUS
Message Category Number	Defined error message category		NUMBER	5,0	Y	MESSAGE_ CAT_NBR
Message Number	Error message number		NUMBER	5,0	Y	MESSAGE_ NBR
Record Update Date	Date on which the record is updated		DATE	10	N	RECORD_ UPDATE_DT
Record Exist Switch	To check whether the record is available or not		VARCHAR2	1	Y	RECORD_ EXISTS_SW

**3.1.2.5 Party Identification Details**

**Table Name:** Party Identification Details (CI\_FDR\_PER\_ID)

**Description:** This table holds party ID type details from host.

**Table 3–10 Party Identification Details**

Field Name	Description	Value	Data Type	Length	Required	Column Name
Party ID	Party ID as stored in Host		VARCHAR2	40	Y	HOST_CUST_ NBR
Host ID	Source Host ID for host		VARCHAR2	10	Y	SRC_HOST_ID
Identification Type	Value of Identification Type Code	Passport No, Driving License No, and so on.	VARCHAR2	30	Y	FDR_ID_TYPE
ID Value	Identification Number corresponding to each of the identification types		VARCHAR2	40	N	FDR_ID_NBR

**Table 3–10 (Cont.) Party Identification Details**

Field Name	Description	Value	Data Type	Length	Required	Column Name
Determinant Value	Determinant Value for identification of Party. This will depend on setups in host and is used in case of multi-branding features.		VARCHAR2	60	Y	FDR_DETERMINANT_VALUE
Issue Date	Issue Date for Identification Number		DATE	10	N	FDR_ISSUE_DT
Expiry Date	Expiry Date for Identification Number		DATE	10	N	FDR_EXPIRY_DT
Record Creation Date	Date on which data is fed to Collections		DATE	10	N	CRET_DTTM
Record Type	Signifies if the data is created initially or is update for existing data	I - Insert U - Update	VARCHAR2	10	Y	RCD_TYPE
Process Status	Used to check current status of process. Default is P-Pending.		VARCHAR2	1	Y	PROCESS_STATUS
Message Category Number	Defined error message category		NUMBER	5,0	Y	MESSAGE_CAT_NBR
Message Number	Error message number		NUMBER	5,0	Y	MESSAGE_NBR
Record Update Date	Date on which the record is updated		DATE	10	N	RECORD_UPDATE_DT
Record Exist Switch	To check whether the record is available or not		VARCHAR2	1	Y	RECORD_EXISTS_SW
ID_TYPE_VAL_STATUS	ID Type Status		VARCHAR2	10	N	ID_TYPE_VAL_STATUS

**3.1.2.6 Party Name Details**

**Table Name:** Party Name Details (CI\_FDR\_PER\_NAME)

**Description:** This table holds party name details from host.

**Table 3–11 Party Name Details**

Field Name	Description	Value	Data Type	Length	Required	Column Name
Party ID	Party ID as stored in Host		VARCHAR2	40	Y	HOST_CUST_NBR
Host ID	Source Host ID for host		VARCHAR2	10	Y	SRC_HOST_ID
Name Type	Type of Name	Legal	VARCHAR2	10	Y	FDR_NAME_TYPE
First Prefix	Indicates the first prefix		VARCHAR2	30	N	FDR_FIRST_PREFIX_ID
Second Prefix	Indicates the second prefix		VARCHAR2	30	N	FDR_SECOND_PREFIX_ID

**Table 3-11 (Cont.) Party Name Details**

Field Name	Description	Value	Data Type	Length	Required	Column Name
First Name	First Name of the customer		VARCHAR2	50	N	FDR_FIRST_NAME
First Middle Name	First middle name of the customer		VARCHAR2	50	N	FDR_MIDDLE_NAME_FIRST
Second Middle Name	Second Middle name of the customer		VARCHAR2	50	N	FDR_MIDDLE_NAME_SECOND
Last Name	Last Name of the customer		VARCHAR2	50	N	FDR_LAST_NAME
Suffix ID	Suffix ID in the name		VARCHAR2	30	N	FDR_SUFFIX_ID
Full Name	Full name of the customer		VARCHAR2	250	N	FDR_FULL_NAME
Short Name	Short Name of the customer		VARCHAR2	60	N	FDR_SHORT_NAME
Determinant Value	Determinant Value for identification of Party. This will depend on setups in host and is used in case of multi-branding features.		VARCHAR2	60	Y	FDR_DETERMINANT_VALUE
Primary Name Flag	Signifies if a particular name needs to be used as a primary name for the customer	Y/N	CHAR	1	N	FDR_PRIMARY_NAME_SW
Record Creation Date	Date on which data is fed to Collections		DATE	10	N	CRET_DTTM
Record Type	Signifies if the data is created initially or is update for existing data	I - Insert U - Update	VARCHAR2	10	Y	RCD_TYPE
PER_NAME_STATUS	Person name status		VARCHAR2	10	N	PER_NAME_STATUS
Process Status	To check the current status of the process. Default is P-Pending.		VARCHAR2	1	Y	PROCESS_STATUS
Message Category Number	Defined error message category		NUMBER	5,0	Y	MESSAGE_CAT_NBR
Message Number	Error message number		NUMBER	5,0	Y	MESSAGE_NBR
Record Update Date	Date on which the record is updated		DATE	10	N	RECORD_UPDATE_DT

**Table 3–11 (Cont.) Party Name Details**

Field Name	Description	Value	Data Type	Length	Required	Column Name
Record Exist Switch	To check whether the record is available or not		VARCHAR2	1	Y	RECORD_EXISTS_SW
FIRST_PREFIX_DESC	First name prefix		VARCHAR2	120	N	FIRST_PREFIX_DESC
SECOND_PREFIX_DESC	Second name prefix		VARCHAR2	120	N	SECOND_PREFIX_DESC

**3.1.2.7 Party Contact Preference Details**

**Table Name:** Party Contact Preference Details (CI\_FDR\_CONTACT\_PREF)

**Description:** This table holds the party contact preference data from host.

**Table 3–12 Party Contact Preference Details**

Field Name	Description	Value	Data Type	Length	Required	Column Name
Party ID	Party ID as stored in Host		VARCHAR2	40	Y	HOST_CUST_NBR
Host ID	Source Host ID for host		VARCHAR2	10	Y	SRC_HOST_ID
Determinant Value	Determinant Value for identification of Party. This will depend on setups in host and is used in case of multi-branding features.		VARCHAR2	60	Y	DETERMINANT_VALUE
Contact Point	Type of Contact Point	Mobile, Landline, Email, and so on.	VARCHAR2	10	Y	CONTACT_POINT_TYPE
Purpose			VARCHAR2	120	N	PURPOSE_TXT
Value	Contact Point Value, for example, if Contact Point is Mobile then provide mobile number, if Email then provide email ID		VARCHAR2	400	N	CONTACT_VALUE
Contact Type		Home, Work, Others	VARCHAR2	10	Y	CONTACT_PREF_TYPE
Start Date	Start date for using this contact point and type		DATE	10	N	START_DT
End Date	End date for using this contact point and type		DATE	10	N	END_DT
Time From (weekdays)	Start Time for contacting on weekdays	In hundred hour format (for example, 1800 for 6:00 PM)	NUMBER	10,0	N	WKDAY_FROM_TM

**Table 3–12 (Cont.) Party Contact Preference Details**

Field Name	Description	Value	Data Type	Length	Required	Column Name
Time To (weekdays)	End Time for contacting on weekdays	In hundred hour format (for example, 1800 for 6:00 PM)	NUMBER	10,0	N	WKDAY_TO_TM
Time From (weekends)	Start Time for contacting on weekends	In hundred hour format (for example, 1800 for 6:00 PM)	NUMBER	10,0	N	WKEND_FROM_TM
Time To (weekends)	End Time for contacting on weekends	In hundred hour format (for example, 1800 for 6:00 PM)	NUMBER	10,0	N	WKEND_TO_TM
Preference Frequency	Preferred Frequency of contact		NUMBER	20	N	PREFERENCE_FREQUENCY
Primary Contact Point	Primary Contact Point Flag		VARCHAR2	10	N	FDR_PRIMARY_SW
Status	Status - if Active or Dormant		VARCHAR2	60	Y	STATUS
Record Creation Date	Date on which data is fed to Collections		DATE	10	N	CRET_DTTM
Record Type	Signifies if the data is created initially or is update for existing data	I - Insert U - Update	VARCHAR2	10	N	RCD_TYPE
Process Status	To check the current status of the process. Default is P-Pending.		VARCHAR2	1	Y	PROCESS_STATUS
Message Category Number	Defined error message category		NUMBER	5,0	Y	MESSAGE_CAT_NBR
Message Number	Error message number		NUMBER	5,0	Y	MESSAGE_NBR
Record Update Date	Date on which the record is updated		DATE	10	N	RECORD_UPDATE_DT
Record Exist Switch	To check whether the record is available or not		VARCHAR2	1	Y	RECORD_EXISTS_SW

**3.1.2.8 Party Warning Indicators****Table Name:** Party Warning Indicators (CI\_FDR\_PARTY\_WARNING\_IND)**Description:** This table holds the party warning indicators data from host.

**Table 3–13 Party Warning Indicators**

Field Name	Description	Value	Data Type	Length	Required	Column Name
Party ID	Party ID as stored in Host		VARCHAR2	40	Y	HOST_CUST_NBR
Host ID	Source Host ID for host		VARCHAR2	10	Y	SRC_HOST_ID
Warning Indicator Code	Warning Indicator Code		VARCHAR2	50	Y	WARN_IND_CD
Warning Indicator Value	Value of Warning Indicator Code	Y/N	VARCHAR2	1	N	WARN_IND_VAL
Start Date	Start Date of Warning Indicator		DATE	10	N	START_DT
End Date	End Date of warning Indicator		DATE	10	N	END_DT
Record Creation Date	Date on which data is fed to Collections		DATE	10	N	CRET_DTTM
Record Type	Signifies if the data is created initially or is update for existing data	I - Insert U - Update	VARCHAR2	10	Y	RCD_TYPE
Process Status	To check the current status of the process. Default is P-Pending.		VARCHAR2	1	Y	PROCESS_STATUS
Message Category Number	Defined error message category		NUMBER	5,0	Y	MESSAGE_CAT_NBR
Message Number	Error message number		NUMBER	5,0	Y	MESSAGE_NBR
Record Update Date	Date on which the record is updated		DATE	10	N	RECORD_UPDATE_DT
Record Exist Switch	To check whether the record is available or not		VARCHAR2	1	Y	RECORD_EXISTS_SW

### 3.1.3 Collateral Data

This section provides information on the tables related to collaterals.

#### 3.1.3.1 Collateral Details

**Table Name:** Collateral Details (CI\_FDR\_COLLATERAL)

**Description:** This table holds collateral data from host.

**Table 3–14 Collateral Details**

Field Name	Description	Value	Data Type	Length	Required	Column Name
Collateral Code	Collateral Code as stored in host		VARCHAR2	40	Y	COLLATERAL_CD
Host ID	Source Host ID for host		VARCHAR2	10	Y	SRC_HOST_ID
Collateral Type	Type of Collateral		VARCHAR2	50	N	COLLATERAL_TYPE

**Table 3-14 (Cont.) Collateral Details**

Field Name	Description	Value	Data Type	Length	Required	Column Name
Collateral Sub Type	If there are any collateral sub type		VARCHAR2	50	N	COLLATERAL_SUB_TYPE
Collateral Category	Collateral Category		VARCHAR2	50	N	COLLATERAL_CAT
Collateral Description	Collateral Description		VARCHAR2	300	N	FDR_COLLATERAL_DESCR
Nature	Normal/ Guarantee		VARCHAR2	40	N	COLLATERAL_NATURE
Collateral Currency	Collateral Currency		VARCHAR2	3	N	COLLATERAL_CUR
Assessed Value	Market Value		NUMBER	36,18	N	ASSESSED_VALUE
Assessment Date	Date of assessment		DATE	10	N	ASSESSED_DT
Bank Value	Book Value		NUMBER	36,18	N	BANK_VALUE
Sold By	This property is required to identify entity which sold the collateral.	Customer (Borrower), Bank, Court	VARCHAR2	255	N	SOLD_BY
Date of Sale	Date on which the collateral was sold		DATE	10	N	SALE_DT
Amount Realized	Gross Sale amount		NUMBER	36,18	N	AMT_REALIZED
Date of Settlement	Date on which settlement took place		DATE	10	N	SETLMNT_DT
Realization Status	Final status of realization		VARCHAR2	60	N	REALIZATION_STATUS
Amount Recovered	Gross Sale Amount less Costs incurred for sale of collateral		NUMBER	36,18	N	FDR_AMT_RECOVERED
Collateral Address Line1	Collateral Address Line1		VARCHAR2	120	N	ADDRESS_LINE1
Collateral Address Line2	Collateral Address Line2		VARCHAR2	120	N	ADDRESS_LINE2
Collateral Address Line3	Collateral Address Line3		VARCHAR2	120	N	ADDRESS_LINE3
Collateral Address Line4	Collateral Address Line4		VARCHAR2	120	N	ADDRESS_LINE4
City code	City code		VARCHAR2	50	N	CITY_CD
Postal code	Postal code		VARCHAR2	30	N	ZIP_CD
State code	State code		VARCHAR2	6	N	STATE_CD
Country code	Country code		VARCHAR2	30	N	COUNTRY_CD
Record Creation Date	Date on which data is fed to Collections		DATE	10	N	CRET_DTTM

**Table 3–14 (Cont.) Collateral Details**

Field Name	Description	Value	Data Type	Length	Required	Column Name
Record Type	Signifies if the data is created initially or is update for existing data	I - Insert U - Update	VARCHAR2	10	Y	RCD_TYPE
Process Status	To check the current status of the process. Default is P-Pending.		VARCHAR2	1	Y	PROCESS_STATUS
Message Category Number	Defined error message category		NUMBER	5,0	Y	MESSAGE_CAT_NBR
Message Number	Error message number		NUMBER	5,0	Y	MESSAGE_NBR
Record Update Date	Date on which the record is updated		DATE	10	N	RECORD_UPDATE_DT
Record Exist Switch	To check whether the record is available or not		VARCHAR2	1	Y	RECORD_EXISTS_SW
Realization ID	Realization ID		VARCHAR2	50	N	REALIZATION_ID

### 3.1.3.2 Collateral Charge Details

**Table Name:** Collateral Charge Details (CI\_FDR\_COLLATERAL\_CHRG)

**Description:** This table holds collateral charges details from host.

**Table 3–15 Collateral Charges Details**

Field Name	Description	Value	Data Type	Length	Required	Column Name
Collateral Code	Collateral Code as stored in host		VARCHAR2	40	Y	COLLATERAL_CD
Host ID	Source Host ID for host		VARCHAR2	10	Y	SRC_HOST_ID
Charge Code	Charge Codes maintained in the host		VARCHAR2	20	Y	CHRG_CD
Bank Value Relied On	Bank value for each of the charge codes		NUMBER	36,18	Y	AVL_CHARGE_VAL
Charge Currency	Currency in which Charge Value is calculated. Collateral currency and charge currency can differ		CHAR	3	Y	CHARGE_CURR
Record Creation Date	Date on which data is fed to Collections		DATE	10	N	CRET_DTTM
Record Type	Signifies if the data is created initially or is update for existing data	I - Insert U - Update	VARCHAR2	10	Y	RCD_TYPE
Process Status	To check the current status of the process. Default is P-Pending.		VARCHAR2	1	Y	PROCESS_STATUS



**Table 3–15 (Cont.) Collateral Charges Details**

Field Name	Description	Value	Data Type	Length	Required	Column Name
Message Category Number	Defined error message category		NUMBER	5,0	Y	MESSAGE_CAT_NBR
Message Number	Error message number		NUMBER	5,0	Y	MESSAGE_NBR
Record Update Date	Date on which the record is updated		DATE	10	N	RECORD_UPDATE_DT
Record Exist Switch	To check whether the record is available or not		VARCHAR2	1	Y	RECORD_EXISTS_SW

### 3.1.3.3 Collateral Entity Mapping

**Table Name:** Collateral Entity Mapping (CI\_FDR\_COLLATERAL\_ENTITY)

**Description:** This table holds the collateral entity mapping from host. Collateral can be mapped to facility or to an account.

**Table 3–16 Collateral Entity Mapping**

Field Name	Description	Value	Data Type	Length	Required	Column Name
Collateral Code	Collateral Code as stored in host		VARCHAR2	40	Y	COLLATERAL_CD
Host ID	Source Host ID for host		VARCHAR2	10	Y	SRC_HOST_ID
Entity Type	Entity to which collateral is mapped	ACCOUNT, FACILITY	VARCHAR2	10	Y	ENTITY_TYPE
Entity ID	Entity ID of entity to which collateral is mapped		VARCHAR2	40	Y	COL_ENTITY_ID
Contribution Switch	Identify if the collateral is contributing towards an entity	Y/N	VARCHAR2	1	N	FDR_LIMIT_CONTRIBUTION_SW
Record Creation Date	Date on which data is fed to Collections		DATE	10	N	CRET_DTTM
Record Type	Signifies if the data is created initially or is update for existing data	I - Insert U - Update	VARCHAR2	10	Y	RCD_TYPE
Process Status	To check the current status of the process. Default is P-Pending.		VARCHAR2	1	Y	PROCESS_STATUS
Message Category Number	Defined error message category		NUMBER	5,0	Y	MESSAGE_CAT_NBR
Message Number	Error message number		NUMBER	5,0	Y	MESSAGE_NBR

**Table 3–16 (Cont.) Collateral Entity Mapping**

Field Name	Description	Value	Data Type	Length	Required	Column Name
Record Update Date	Date on which the record is updated		DATE	10	N	RECORD_UPDATE_DT
Record Exist Switch	To check whether the record is available or not		VARCHAR2	1	Y	RECORD_EXISTS_SW
Charge Code	Charge Codes maintained in the host		VARCHAR2	20	N	CHRG_CD

### 3.1.3.4 Collateral Guarantor Mapping

**Table Name:** Collateral Guarantor Mapping (CI\_FDR\_COLLATERAL\_GRNTR)

**Description:** This table holds the guarantors data for the collateral.

**Table 3–17 Collateral Guarantor Mapping**

Field Name	Description	Value	Data Type	Length	Required	Column Name
Collateral Code	Collateral Code as stored in host		VARCHAR2	40	Y	COLLATERAL_CD
Host ID	Source Host ID for host		VARCHAR2	10	Y	SRC_HOST_ID
Party ID	Party ID of the guarantor		VARCHAR2	40	Y	HOST_CUST_NBR
Record Creation Date	Date on which data is fed to Collections		DATE	10	N	CRET_DTTM
Record Type	Signifies if the data is created initially or is update for existing data	I - Insert U - Update	VARCHAR2	10	Y	RCD_TYPE
Process Status	To check the current status of the process. Default is P-Pending.		VARCHAR2	1	Y	PROCESS_STATUS
Message Category Number	Defined error message category		NUMBER	5,0	Y	MESSAGE_CAT_NBR
Message Number	Error message number		NUMBER	5,0	Y	MESSAGE_NBR
Record Update Date	Date on which the record is updated		DATE	10	N	RECORD_UPDATE_DT
Record Exist Switch	To check whether the record is available or not		VARCHAR2	1	Y	RECORD_EXISTS_SW

### 3.1.3.5 Collateral Owner Mapping

**Table Name:** Collateral Owner Mapping (CI\_FDR\_COLLATERAL\_PARTY)

**Description:** This table holds ownership of parties for the collateral.

**Table 3–18 Collateral Owner Mapping**

Field Name	Description	Value	Data Type	Length	Required	Column Name
Collateral Code	Collateral Code as stored in host		VARCHAR2	40	Y	COLLATERAL_CD
Host ID	Source Host ID for host		VARCHAR2	10	Y	SRC_HOST_ID
Party ID	Party ID of Customer mapped to collateral		VARCHAR2	40	Y	HOST_CUST_NBR
Percentage of Ownership	Ownership Percentage of each of the Party		VARCHAR2	10	N	OWNERSHIP_PERCENT
Record Creation Date	Date on which data is fed to Collections		DATE	10	N	CRET_DTTM
Record Type	Signifies if the data is created initially or is an update for existing data	I - Insert U - Update	VARCHAR2	10	Y	RCD_TYPE
Process Status	To check the current status of the process. Default is P-Pending.		VARCHAR2	1	Y	PROCESS_STATUS
Message Category Number	Defined error message category		NUMBER	5,0	Y	MESSAGE_CAT_NBR
Message Number	Error message number		NUMBER	5,0	Y	MESSAGE_NBR
Record Update Date	Date on which the record is updated		DATE	10	N	RECORD_UPDATE_DT
Record Exist Switch	To check whether the record is available or not		VARCHAR2	1	Y	RECORD_EXISTS_SW

### 3.1.4 Insurance Data

This section provides information on the tables related to insurance.

#### 3.1.4.1 Insurance Details

**Table Name:** Insurance Details (CI\_FDR\_INSR\_DTLS)

**Description:** This table holds insurance records for collateral, party, or facility.

**Table 3–19 Insurance Details**

Field Name	Description	Value	Data Type	Length	Required	Column Name
Entity ID	Value of Entity ID		VARCHAR2	40	Y	COL_ENTITY_ID
Entity Type	Entity on which Insurance is captured. Possible Values	COLLATERAL, PERSON, or FACILITY	VARCHAR2	10	Y	ENTITY_TYPE
Host ID	Source Host ID for host		VARCHAR2	10	Y	SRC_HOST_ID
Insurance ID	Insurance ID as stored in host		VARCHAR2	60	Y	INSURANCE_ID
Policy No	Policy number of the Insurance		VARCHAR2	50	Y	POLICY_NUM

**Table 3–19 (Cont.) Insurance Details**

Field Name	Description	Value	Data Type	Length	Required	Column Name
Insurance Policy Name	Insurance Policy Name		VARCHAR2	100	N	FDR_INSURANCE_POLICY_NAME
Insured Currency	Currency Code of the Insured Amount		VARCHAR2	3	N	INSURED_CURR
Insured Amount	Insured Amount		NUMBER	36,18	N	INSURED_AMT
Insurer Code	Insurer Code as stored in host		VARCHAR2	50	N	INSURER_CD
Insurer Name	Insurer Name as stored in host		VARCHAR2	64	N	INSURER_NAME
Policy Start Date	Start date of Policy		DATE	10	N	POLICY_START_DT
Policy End Date	End date of Policy		DATE	10	N	POLICY_END_DT
Premium Amount	Insurance Premium		NUMBER	36,18	N	PREMIUM_AMT
Payment Frequency	Premium payment frequency		VARCHAR2	30	N	PAYMENT_FREQ
Insurance Type	Insurance Type	LMI PPI	VARCHAR2	30	N	INSURANCE_TYPE
Record Creation Date	Date on which data is fed to Collections		DATE	10	N	CRET_DTTM
Record Type	Signifies if the data is created initially or is update for existing data	I - Insert U - Update	VARCHAR2	10	Y	RCD_TYPE
DUA_APPLICABLE	A DUA Switch applicable for LMI Insurance		VARCHAR2	1	N	DUA_APPLICABLE
NET_BORR_PREMIUM_AMOUNT	Net borrower premium amount		NUMBER	36,18	N	NET_BORR_PREMIUM_AMOUNT
FDR_PARTY_ID	Party ID		VARCHAR2	40	Y	FDR_PARTY_ID
Process Status	To check the current status of the process. Default is P-Pending.		VARCHAR2	1	Y	PROCESS_STATUS
Message Category Number	Defined error message category		NUMBER	5,0	Y	MESSAGE_CAT_NBR
Message Number	Error message number		NUMBER	5,0	Y	MESSAGE_NBR
Record Update Date	Date on which the record is updated		DATE	10	N	RECORD_UPDATE_DT
Record Exist Switch	To check whether the record is available or not		VARCHAR2	1	Y	RECORD_EXISTS_SW

### 3.1.5 Payment Data

This section provides information on the tables related to payments.

#### 3.1.5.1 Online Payment Records

**Table Name:** Online Payment (CI\_FDR\_PAYMENTS)

**Description:** This table holds the failed online payment records which is used by payment processing batch for offline processing.

**Table 3–20 Online Payment**

Field Name	Description	Value	Data Type	Length	Required	Column Name
Account No	Account Number as stored in Host		VARCHAR2	40	Y	HOST_ACCT_NBR
Host ID	Source Host ID for host		VARCHAR2	10	Y	SRC_HOST_ID
Transaction Reference Number	Transaction Reference Number for payment transaction in host		VARCHAR2	30	Y	XREF_NO
Transaction Date	Date of Transaction		DATE	10	N	FDR_TRANSACTION_DT
Transaction Time	Time for Transaction		DATE	10	N	FDR_TRANSACTION_TM
Value Date	Value Date on which the transaction was posted in the host		DATE	10	N	FDR_VALUE_DT
Transaction Currency	Currency code of the transaction		VARCHAR2	3	N	FDR_TRANSACTION_CURR_CD
Transaction Amount	Payment Amount		NUMBER	36,18	N	FDR_TRANSACTION_AMT
Account Currency	Account Currency Code		VARCHAR2	3	N	FDR_ACCT_CURR_CD
Account Balance	Account Balance after Payment		NUMBER	36,18	N	FDR_ACCT_AMT
Transaction Code	Transaction Code as captured in the host		VARCHAR2	30	N	FDR_TRANSACTION_CD
Narration Text	Narration text for the transaction		VARCHAR2	120	N	FDR_NARRATION_TXT
Transaction Type Flag	Identify if the transaction is Credit or Debit that is, actual payment transaction or reversal	C/D	CHAR	1	Y	FDR_TRANSACTION_TYPE_FLG
Record Creation Date	Date on which data is fed to Collections		DATE	10	N	CRET_DTTM
Original Transaction ref number	Used for cancellation of payments		VARCHAR2	30	N	ORIG_XREF_NO

**Table 3–20 (Cont.) Online Payment**

Field Name	Description	Value	Data Type	Length	Required	Column Name
Transaction sequence number	Transaction sequence number		VARCHAR2	30	Y	FDR_XREF_SUB_SEQ_NO
Original Transaction sequence number	Used for cancellation of payments		VARCHAR2	30	N	FDR_ORIG_XREF_SUB_SEQ_NO
Process Status	To check the current status of the process. Default is P-Pending.		VARCHAR2	1	Y	PROCESS_STATUS
Message Category Number	Defined error message category		NUMBER	5,0	Y	MESSAGE_CAT_NBR
Message Number	Error message number		NUMBER	5,0	Y	MESSAGE_NBR

### 3.1.6 Group Data

This section provides information on the tables related to groups.

#### 3.1.6.1 Group Details

**Table Name:** Group Details

**Description:** This table holds group related data from host.

**Table 3–21 Group Details**

Field Name	Description	Value	Data Type	Length	Required	Column Name
Group Id	Group id stored in Host		VARCHAR2	15	Y	GRP_ID
Determinant Value	Determinant Value for the Group		VARCHAR2	60	Y	DETERMINANT_VALUE
Host ID	Source Host ID for host		VARCHAR2	10	Y	SRC_HOST_ID
Group Name	Group name as defined in host. This field holds the name of the group.		VARCHAR2	250	N	GRP_NAME
Group Short Name	Group short name as defined in host. This field holds the short name of the group.		VARCHAR2	50	N	GRP_SHORT_NAME
Group RM	Group RM holds group Relationship Manager name defined in host		VARCHAR2	40	N	GRP_RM_NAME
Group Type	Group Type defined in host		VARCHAR2	40		GRP_TYPE
Watch List Flag	Watch list flag defined in host. Indicates that whether group ready to fall in collection for further processing		CHAR	1	Y	WATCHLIST_SW

**Table 3–21 (Cont.) Group Details**

Field Name	Description	Value	Data Type	Length	Required	Column Name
Record Creation Date	Date on which data is fed to Collections		DATE		Y	CRET_DTTM
Record Update Date	Date on which Record is updated		DATE		N	RECORD_UPDATE_DT
Record Type	Signifies if the Member is added initially or is update for existing Member	I - Insert U - Update	VARCHAR2	10	Y	RCD_TYPE
Process Status	Used to check current status of process, Default is "P"- Pending		VARCHAR2	1	Y	PROCESS_STATUS
Group Object Status	If group is reopened then required value will be sent in this column.		CHAR	1	Y	GRP_OBJ_STATUS

### 3.1.6.2 Group Member Details

**Table Name:** Group Member Detail (CI\_FDR\_GRP\_MEMBER)

**Description:** This table holds group member related data from host.

**Table 3–22 Group Member Details**

Field Name	Description	Value	Data Type	Length	Required	Column Name
Group Id	Group id stored in Host		VARCHAR2	15	Y	GRP_ID
Determinant Value	Determinant Value for the Group		VARCHAR2	60	Y	DETERMINANT_VALUE
Host ID	Source Host ID for host		VARCHAR2	10	Y	SRC_HOST_ID
Party ID	Member id (Party Id/Host customer number) of the group		VARCHAR2	40	Y	HOST_CUST_NBR
Party Name	Member/party Name		VARCHAR2	250	N	PARTY_NAME
Record Creation Date	Date on which data is fed to Collections		DATE		N	CRET_DTTM
Record Type	Signifies if the Member is added initially or is update for existing Member or deleting member	I - Insert U - Update D - Delete	VARCHAR2	10	Y	RCD_TYPE
Process Status	Used to check current status of process, Default is "P"- Pending		VARCHAR2	1	Y	PROCESS_STATUS
Record Update Date	Date on which Record is updated		DATE		N	RECORD_UPDATE_DT

## 3.2 OBP Views

Collections system pulls delinquent account data from the following views provided by OBP.

### 3.2.1 Main Account Views

The main account views are as follows:

- FLX\_COL\_ACCT\_DATA\_XF
- FLX\_LN\_COL\_FD\_ACCT\_VW
- FLX\_DD\_COL\_DATA\_TOD\_XF\_VW
- FLX\_DD\_COL\_DATA\_XF\_VW
- FLX\_AC\_COL\_FD\_ACCT\_ARS\_VW
- FLX\_LN\_COL\_FD\_SCH\_VW
- FLX\_COL\_ACCT\_WARN\_IND\_DATA\_XF

### 3.2.2 Account Updateable Views

The account updateable views are as follows:

- FLX\_DD\_COL\_DATA\_XF\_UPD\_VW
- FLX\_LN\_COL\_ACCT\_UPDATE\_VW

### 3.2.3 Hardship Views

The hardship views are as follows:

- FLX\_COL\_ACCT\_HRDSHIP\_VW
- FLX\_LN\_COL\_ACCT\_HRDSHIP\_VW
- FLX\_DD\_COL\_ACCT\_HRDSHIP\_VW

### 3.2.4 Party Views

The party views are as follows:

- FLX\_PI\_COL\_FD\_ACCT\_PER\_VW
- FLX\_PI\_COL\_FD\_PER\_VW
- FLX\_PI\_COL\_FD\_PARTY\_IDENT\_VW
- FLX\_PI\_COL\_FD\_PER\_NAME\_VW
- FLX\_PI\_COL\_FD\_PER\_WARN\_IND\_VW
- FLX\_PI\_COL\_FD\_EMP\_PROF\_VW
- FLX\_PI\_COL\_FD\_PER\_ADDR\_VW
- FLX\_PI\_COL\_FD\_CONTACT\_PREF\_VW

### 3.2.5 LCM / Collateral Views

The LCM / Collateral views are as follows:

- FLX\_LM\_COL\_FD\_COL\_ENTITY\_VW
- FLX\_LM\_COL\_FD\_COLLATERAL\_VW
- FLX\_LM\_COL\_FD\_COL\_PARTY\_VW
- FLX\_LM\_COL\_FD\_COL\_CHRG\_VW



- FLX\_LM\_COL\_FD\_COL\_GRNTR\_VW
- FLX\_LM\_COL\_FD\_INSR\_DTLS\_VW

### 3.2.6 Group Views

The group views are as follows:

- FLX\_PI\_COL\_FD\_GROUP\_V
- FLX\_PI\_COL\_FD\_GRP\_MEMBER\_V



## Algorithms

This chapter provides information about list of algorithm types shipped out for OBP Collections.

### 4.1 Stop Contract: C1-CURENTITY

This section provides details of the Stop Contract: C1-CURENTITY algorithm.

**Table 4–1 Stop Contract: C1-CURENTITY**

<b>Description</b>	This algorithm type is used to stop the contract.
<b>Detailed Description</b>	Contract Stop Algorithm
<b>Algorithm Entity</b>	Cure Entity
<b>Program Type</b>	Java
<b>Program Name</b>	com.splwg.ccb.domain.collection.batch.algorithm.CureEntityAlgorithm
<b>Parameters</b>	NA
	This algorithm invokes the C1-StopServiceAgreement business service to set contract status as STOPPED. The contract end date is specified as system date.

### 4.2 Cure Account: C1-FINCOLL

This section provides details of the Cure Account: C1-FINCOLL algorithm.

**Table 4–2 Cure Account: C1-FINCOLL**

<b>Description</b>	This algorithm is used to invoke the OBP Services when contract is stopped during the finalize collection process.
<b>Detailed Description</b>	This algorithm type is used to invoke the OBP Services to update the delinquent flag=N when the contract is stopped during the finalize collection process.
<b>Algorithm Entity</b>	Contract Type - Contract Stop
<b>Program Type</b>	Java
<b>Program Name</b>	com.splwg.ccb.domain.collection.batch.algorithm.FinalizeCollectionContractStopAlgoComp

**Table 4–2 (Cont.) Cure Account: C1-FINCOLL**

<b>Parameters</b>	<p><b>Name:</b> contactMethods</p> <p><b>Required (Yes/No):</b> Yes</p> <p><b>Description:</b> Contact Methods soft parameter has a comma-separated value of customer contact methods. For example, SMS, EM, and so on.</p> <p>This value is used to calculate the number of self cured statistic.</p>
<b>Detailed Design</b>	<p>This algorithm invokes the OBP Services to update the delinquent flag =N and In collection flag = N in host (updateInCollectionIndicator()) when the contract is stopped during the final collection process.</p> <p>It also deletes the account review date from CI_ADM_RVW_SCH table, and updates the number of times an account is self-cured.</p>

**Table 4–3 Cure Account: Sample Algorithm**

<b>Algorithm Name</b>	C1-FINCOL
<b>Parameters</b>	<p><b>Name:</b> contactMethods</p> <p><b>Value:</b> SMS, EM</p>

## 4.3 Queue Allocation: C1-ALLOCQUEU

This section provides details of the Queue Allocation: C1-ALLOCQUEU algorithm.

**Table 4–4 Queue Allocation: C1-ALLOCQUEU**

<b>Description</b>	Allocation algorithm for allocation cases to queue in round-robin method.
<b>Detailed Description</b>	This is an allocation algorithm for the allocation group to allocate cases to queues in round-robin method. This algorithm is invoked by the Allocation monitor batch (C1-ALOCM).
<b>Algorithm Entity</b>	Allocation Group -Queue Allocation
<b>Program Type</b>	Java
<b>Program Name</b>	Com.splwg.ccb.domain.collection.batch.algorithm.AllocationGroupQueueAlgoComp
<b>Parameters</b>	<p><b>Name:</b> queueAllocationView (soft parameter)</p> <p><b>Required (Yes/No):</b> Yes</p> <p><b>Description:</b> View for allocation</p> <p><b>Name:</b> qallocationGroup (hard parameter)</p> <p><b>Required (Yes/No):</b> Yes</p> <p><b>Description:</b> Allocation Group code</p>
<b>Detailed Design</b>	<p>This algorithm receives input as Allocation Group code from the batch.</p> <p>The view used to filter cases is accepted as an algorithm soft parameter. Product will ship CI_ALLOCATION_MONITOR_VW view.</p> <p>For the given allocation group code, it allocates cases to linked queues of the allocation group in round-robin method. For detailed process, see batch process (C1-ALOCM).</p>

**Table 4–5 Queue Allocation: Sample Algorithm**

<b>Algorithm Name</b>	C1-ALLOCQUEU
<b>Parameters</b>	<b>Name:</b> queueAllocationView <b>Value:</b> CL_ALLOCATION_MONITOR_VW

## 4.4 Update Customer Switch: C1-CUSTSW

This section provides details of the Update Customer Switch: C1-CUSTSW algorithm.

**Table 4–6 Update Customer Switch: C1-CUSTSW**

<b>Description</b>	This algorithm is used to update the customer level case switch.
<b>Detailed Description</b>	This algorithm is used to update customer level case status on case enter processing. Customer Level Switch Name: Specify the customer level case status switch that should be updated. For example, BANKRUPT_SW, HARDSHIP_SW, IMPRISONED_SW, DECEASED_SW, ABSCONDING_SW, and so on.
<b>Algorithm Entity</b>	Case Type - Enter Status
<b>Program Type</b>	java
<b>Program Name</b>	com.splwg.ccb.domain.collection.batch.algorithm.CustomerLevelSwitchUpdateAlgorithm
<b>Parameters</b>	<b>Name:</b> Customer Level Switch Name <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> Yes <b>Description:</b> Name of column or switch to be processed  <b>Name:</b> Switch Value <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> Yes <b>Description:</b> Y or N
<b>Detailed Design</b>	This algorithm updates the customer level switch. This algorithm is attached to the Case Type Enter Status algorithm spot. This soft parameter identifies the field that must be updated with a value. The Customer Level switch name soft parameter accepts the column name that must be updated with switch values as Y or N. You must create different algorithm for each field with the value and attach it to the case type enter status algorithm spot.

**Table 4–7 Update Customer Switch: Sample Algorithm**

<b>Algorithm Name</b>	C1-BRUPTSW
<b>Parameters</b>	<b>Name:</b> Customer Level Switch Name <b>Value:</b> BANKRUPT_SW  <b>Name:</b> Switch Value <b>Value:</b> Y

## 4.5 Update Legal/Repo Switch: C1-LEREPOCT

This section provides details of the Update Legal/Repo Switch: C1-LEREPOCT algorithm.

**Table 4–8 Update Legal/Repo Switch: C1-LEREPOCT**

<b>Description</b>	This algorithm is used to update Legal and Repo case status on enter processing.
<b>Detailed Description</b>	Legal Repo Switch Name: Specify the Legal or Repo case switch column name of account extension For example, LEGAL_CASE_EXISTS_SW or REPO_CASE_EXISTS_SW, and so on. Switch Value: Please enter the switch value as Y or N.
<b>Algorithm Entity</b>	Case Type - Enter Status
<b>Program Type</b>	java
<b>Program Name</b>	com.splwg.ccb.domain.collection.batch.algorithm.RepoAndLegalCaseUpdateAlgorithm
<b>Parameters</b>	<p><b>Name:</b> Legal Repo Switch Name <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> Yes <b>Description:</b> Name of column or switch to be processed</p> <p><b>Name:</b> Switch Value <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> Yes <b>Description:</b> Y or N</p>
<b>Detailed Design</b>	<p>This algorithm is created to update the Legal Case Switch and Repo Case Switch derived fields. This algorithm is attached to the Case Type Enter Status algorithm spot.</p> <p>The soft parameter is used to identify the fields that should be updated.</p> <p>For example,</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ If the case is Legal then pass Legal Repo Switch name as LEGAL_CASE_EXISTS_SW and switch value as Y and then attach this algorithm to case life cycle where you want to update the switch.</li> <li>■ If the case is Repo then pass Legal Repo Switch name as REPO_CASE_EXISTS_SW and switch value as Y and then attach this algorithm to the case life cycle where you want to update the switch.</li> </ul>

**Table 4–9 Update Legal/Repo Switch: Sample Algorithm**

<b>Algorithm Name</b>	C1-LEGALSW
<b>Parameters</b>	<p><b>Name:</b> Legal Repo Switch Name <b>Value:</b> LEGAL_CASE_EXISTS_SW</p> <p><b>Name:</b> Switch Value <b>Value:</b> Y</p>

## 4.6 User Allocation - Round Robin: C1-USRALCRR

This section provides details of the User Allocation - Round Robin: C1-USRALCRR algorithm.

**Table 4–10 User Allocation - Round Robin: C1-USRALCRR**

<b>Description</b>	This algorithm is used to allocate cases to users or teams in round-robin method.
<b>Detailed Description</b>	This algorithm is used to allocate cases to user or teams in round-robin method. This algorithm is invoked by the User Allocation batch (C1-USALC).
<b>Algorithm Entity</b>	User Allocation
<b>Program Type</b>	java
<b>Program Name</b>	com.splwg.ccb.domain.collection.batch.algorithm.UserAllocationRoundRobinAlgorithm
<b>Parameters</b>	NA
<b>Detailed Design</b>	<p>This algorithm receives input as queue code. The computation logic is explained below:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ A1 = Total allocation for the user or team across all queues.</li> <li>■ B1 = Total capacity of the user or team. This has to be defined in user or collection team configuration.</li> <li>■ <math>C1 = B1 - A1</math> = Total available capacity of the user or team.</li> <li>■ A2 = Existing allocation to the user or team for the current queue.</li> <li>■ B2 = Capacity of the user or team for the queue. This is defined in queue master.</li> <li>■ <math>C2 = B2 - A2</math> = Total available capacity of the user or team for the current queue.</li> <li>■ Available capacity of the user or team for the queue is lower of C1 and C2.</li> <li>■ Get all cases which are allocated to the queue and: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Have no users or teams attached to it OR</li> <li>- Current allocated user or team does not have active association with the queue</li> </ul> </li> <li>■ Get available capacity for each user or team.</li> <li>■ Allocate cases to users or teams in a round-robin manner starting with user with highest available capacity and then in decreasing order of capacity.</li> <li>■ A count of freshly allocated cases should be maintained for each user or team.</li> <li>■ Allocation to a particular user will be skipped if the user is on leave.</li> <li>■ Allocation to a particular user or team will be skipped if count of newly allocated cases = available capacity.</li> <li>■ If capacity of all users and teams are exhausted and there are still cases pending allocation, these should be allocated to exception user. There will be no check for exception user's/team's capacity. Exception user's expiry date will be checked against SC_USR_GRP_USR table.</li> </ul>

## 4.7 User Allocation - % Based: C1-USRALCPR

This section provides details of the User Allocation - % Based: C1-USRALCPR algorithm.

**Table 4–11 User Allocation - % Based: C1-USRALCPR**

<b>Description</b>	This algorithm is used for allocating cases to users or teams in percentage-based method.
<b>Detailed Description</b>	This algorithm allocates cases to user or teams in percentage-based method. This algorithm is invoked from the User Allocation batch (C1-USALC).
<b>Algorithm Entity</b>	User Allocation

**Table 4–11 (Cont.) User Allocation - % Based: C1-USRALCPR**

<b>Program Type</b>	java
<b>Program Name</b>	com.splwg.ccb.domain.collection.batch.algorithm.UserAllocationPercentageBaseAlgorithm
<b>Parameters</b>	NA
<b>Detailed Design</b>	<p>This algorithm takes input as Queue code. The computation logic is as below:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ A1 = Total allocation for the user or team across all queues.</li> <li>■ B1 = Total capacity of the user or team. This has to be defined in user or collection team configuration.</li> <li>■ C1 = B1 - A1 = Total available capacity of the user or team.</li> <li>■ Available capacity of the user or team for the queue is C1.</li> <li>■ Get all cases which are allocated to the queue and <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Have no users or teams attached to it OR</li> <li>- Current allocated user or team does not have active association with the queue</li> </ul> </li> <li>■ Calculate % allocation for each user or team in the queue to find maximum cases of new cases that can be allocated to each user or team.</li> <li>■ Get "available capacity" for each user or team</li> <li>■ Allocate cases to users or teams in sequential manner starting with user with highest available capacity and then in decreasing order of capacity.</li> <li>■ A count of freshly allocated cases should be maintained for each user or team</li> <li>■ Allocation to a particular user will be skipped if the user is on leave.</li> <li>■ Allocation to a particular user or team will be skipped if count of newly allocated cases = available capacity.</li> <li>■ If capacity of all users and teams are exhausted and there are still cases pending allocation, these should be allocated to exception user or team. There will be no check for exception user's capacity. Exception user's expiry date will be checked against SC_USR_GRP_USR table.</li> </ul>

## 4.8 Vendor Allocation - Round Robin: C1-VENALCRR

This section provides details of the Vendor Allocation - Round Robin: C1-VENALCRR algorithm.

**Table 4–12 Vendor Allocation - Round Robin: C1-VENALCRR**

<b>Description</b>	This algorithm is used for allocating cases to vendors in round-robin method.
<b>Detailed Description</b>	This algorithm allocates cases to vendors in round-robin method. This algorithm is invoked from the User Allocation batch (C1-USALC).
<b>Algorithm Entity</b>	Vendor Allocation
<b>Program Type</b>	java
<b>Program Name</b>	com.splwg.ccb.domain.collection.batch.algorithm.VendorAllocationRoundRobinAlgorithm
<b>Parameters</b>	NA



**Table 4–12 (Cont.) Vendor Allocation - Round Robin: C1-VENALCRR**

<b>Detailed Design</b>	<p>This algorithm takes input as Queue code. The computation logic for case capacity is as below:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ A1 = Total existing allocation for the vendor across all queues.</li> <li>■ B1 = Total capacity of the vendor. This has to be defined in vendor on boarding screen.</li> <li>■ C1 = B1 - A1 = Total available capacity of the vendor across all service types.</li> <li>■ A2 = Existing allocation of the vendor for the current queue.</li> <li>■ B2 = Capacity of the vendor for the queue. This is defined in queue master.</li> <li>■ C2 = B2 - A2 = Total available capacity of the vendor for the current queue.</li> <li>■ D1 = Available capacity for number of cases of the vendor for the queue is lower of C1 and C2.</li> <li>■ A3 = Existing allocation to the vendor for a service type attached to the vendor.</li> <li>■ B3 = Total capacity of the vendor for that service type. This is defined on vendor on boarding screen under section 'Associated Service Types'. If the value is blank then do not calculate capacity (C3) for that service type.</li> <li>■ C3 = B3 - A3 = Total available capacity for number of cases for a vendor service type. Repeat above steps for each service type attached to the vendor.</li> <li>■ Available capacity for number of cases for the vendor for a service type attached to the vendor for the queue is lower of D1 and C3. If C3 is not available for a service type then D1 should be considered as capacity.</li> <li>■ Get all cases which are allocated to the queue and: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Have no vendors attached to it OR</li> <li>- Current allocated vendor does not have active association with the queue.</li> </ul> </li> <li>■ Get "available capacity" of cases of each vendor for each service type attached (A).</li> <li>■ Get "available capacity" of OS amount of each vendor for each service type attached (B).</li> <li>■ Allocate cases to vendor in a round-robin manner starting with vendor with highest available capacity of number of cases for that queue (see D1 in round-robin based capacity calculation) and then in decreasing order of capacity.</li> <li>■ For every case to be allocated the system should check that case type of the case matches with case type of the service types attached with vendor. Match found: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Yes: Allocate if count of newly allocated cases for that service type and OS balance of newly allocated cases for that service type &lt; A and B respectively. If value for B is blank then ignore validating it.</li> <li>- No: Move to next vendor in queue.</li> </ul> </li> <li>■ A count of freshly allocated cases should be maintained for each vendor.</li> <li>■ Allocation to a particular vendor will be skipped if count of newly allocated cases for that service type or OS balance of newly allocated cases for that service type = A or B respectively.</li> <li>■ All cases for which case type does not match with case type of the service types attached with any vendor in the queue will be kept allocated at queue level only. These cases should not be allocated to exception user or team.</li> <li>■ If capacity of all vendors is exhausted and there are still cases pending allocation, these should be allocated to exception user or team. There will be no check for exception user's capacity. Exception user's expiry date will be checked against SC_USR_GRP_USR table.</li> </ul>
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## 4.9 Vendor Allocation - % Based: C1-VENALCPR

This section provides details of the Vendor Allocation - % Based: C1-VENALCPR algorithm.

**Table 4–13 Vendor Allocation - % Based: C1-VENALCPR**

<b>Description</b>	This algorithm is used for allocating cases to vendors in percentage-based method.
<b>Detailed Description</b>	This algorithm allocates cases to vendors in percentage-based method. This algorithm is invoked from the User Allocation batch (C1-USALC).
<b>Algorithm Entity</b>	Vendor Allocation
<b>Program Type</b>	java
<b>Program Name</b>	com.splwg.ccb.domain.collection.batch.algorithm.VendorAllocationPercentageBaseAlgorithm
<b>Parameters</b>	NA

**Table 4–13 (Cont.) Vendor Allocation - % Based: C1-VENALCRR**

Detailed Design	<p>This algorithm takes input as Queue code. The computation logic for case capacity is as below:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ A1 = Total existing allocation for the vendor across all queues.</li> <li>■ B1 = Total capacity of the vendor. This has to be defined in vendor on boarding screen.</li> <li>■ C1 = B1 - A1 = Total available capacity of the vendor across all service types.</li> <li>■ D1 = Available capacity for no. of cases of the vendor for the queue is C1.</li> <li>■ A3 = Existing allocation to the vendor for a service type attached to the vendor.</li> <li>■ B3 = Total capacity of the vendor for that service type. This is defined on vendor on boarding screen under section 'Associated Service Types'. If the value is blank then do not calculate capacity (C3) for that service type.</li> <li>■ C3 = B3 - A3 = Total available capacity for number of cases for a vendor service type. Repeat above steps for each service type attached to the vendor.</li> <li>■ Available capacity for number of cases for the vendor, for a service type attached to the vendor for the queue is lower of D1 and C3. If C3 is not available for a service type then D1 should be considered as capacity.</li> <li>■ Get all cases which are allocated to the queue and <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Have no vendors attached to it OR</li> <li>- Current allocated vendor does not have active association with the queue.</li> </ul> </li> <li>■ Calculate % allocation for each vendor in the queue to find maximum cases of new cases that can be allocated to each vendor.</li> <li>■ Get "available capacity" of cases of each vendor for each service type attached (A).</li> <li>■ Get "available capacity" of OS amount of each vendor for each service type attached (B).</li> <li>■ Allocate cases to vendor in a sequential manner starting with vendor with highest available capacity of number of cases for that queue (see D1 in % based capacity calculation) and then in decreasing order of capacity.</li> <li>■ For every case to be allocated system should check that case type of the case matches with case type of the service types attached with vendor. Match found: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>-Yes: Allocate if count of newly allocated cases for that service type and OS balance of newly allocated cases for that service type &lt; A and B respectively. If value for B is blank then ignore validating it</li> <li>- No: Move to next vendor in queue.</li> </ul> </li> <li>■ A count of freshly allocated cases should be maintained for each vendor.</li> <li>■ Allocation to a particular vendor will be skipped if count of newly allocated cases for that service type or OS balance of newly allocated cases for that service type = A or B respectively.</li> <li>■ All cases for which case type does not match with case type of the service types attached with any vendor in the queue will be kept allocated at queue level only. These cases should not be allocated to exception user or team.</li> <li>■ If capacity of all vendors is exhausted and there are still cases pending allocation, these should be allocated to exception user. There will be no check for exception user's capacity. Exception user's expiry date will be checked against SC_USR_GRP_USR table.</li> </ul>
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## 4.10 Bulk Contact Creation: C1-BLKNTCRE

This section provides details of the Bulk Contact Creation: C1-BLKNTCRE algorithm.

**Table 4–14 Bulk Contact Creation: C1-BLKNTCRE**

<b>Description</b>	This algorithm is used for allocating cases to vendors in percentage-based method.
<b>Detailed Description</b>	This algorithm allocates cases to vendors in percentage-based method. This algorithm is invoked from the User Allocation batch (C1-USALC).
<b>Algorithm Entity</b>	Bulk contact creation
<b>Program Type</b>	java
<b>Program Name</b>	com.splwg.ccb.domain.collection.batch.algorithm.BulkContactCreationAlgoComp
<b>Parameters</b>	NA
<b>Detailed Design</b>	This algorithm will be invoked from bulk contact creation batch from where the hard parameter values are set. The algorithm will call business service 'C1-GenerateCorrespondence'. addMultiple() method of 'C1-GenerateCorrespondence' will be called which in turn adds customer contact to CI_CC via add () method of the same service.

## 4.11 Cross Strategy Action Matrix: C1-CSAM

This section provides details of the Cross Strategy Action Matrix: C1-CSAM algorithm.

**Table 4–15 Cross Strategy Action Matrix: C1-CSAM**

<b>Description</b>	This algorithm is used for Cross Strategy Action Matrix
<b>Detailed Description</b>	
<b>Algorithm Entity</b>	Case Type- Enter status
<b>Program Type</b>	java
<b>Program Name</b>	com.splwg.ccb.domain.collection.batch.algorithm.CrossStrategyActionMatrixAlgorithm
<b>Parameters</b>	<b>Name:</b> CheckStatus <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> N <b>Description:</b> Y - Case types with Status N - Case types without status
<b>Detailed Design</b>	This algorithm will refer the CSAM admin configuration for case types and decide what action is to be taken for open case available on the entity being worked upon. It will also consider associated entity cases on the entity being worked upon. The two possible actions are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ <b>Close the case:</b> Case status will be moved to next final status or the one with default switch. Business service to close the case (change case status) will be called. This action will not cure the account though. TO DO (TO DO type: C1-CSAM) will be created for the case if no final status is found for the case type or if case cannot be closed due to some other error.</li> <li>■ <b>Hold the case:</b> The business service for holding a case will be called. Hold expiry date will be set to a default value of 01-01-2100. Hold reason flag will be "CSAM".</li> </ul> This algorithm should also get triggered during case association process.

**Table 4–16 Cross Strategy Action Matrix: Sample Algorithm**

<b>Algorithm Name</b>	C1-CSAMY
<b>Parameters</b>	<b>Name:</b> CheckStatus <b>Value:</b> Y

## 4.12 Last Payment for Account: C1-PAYDTAMTU

This section provides details of the Last Payment for Account: C1-PAYDTAMTU algorithm.

**Table 4–17 Last Payment for Account: C1-PAYDTAMTU**

<b>Description</b>	This algorithm is used to update last payment date and amount in account extension table.
<b>Detailed Description</b>	This algorithm will be invoked on FT freeze algorithm spot and will update Last Payment date and amount in account extension table.
<b>Algorithm Entity</b>	Customer class - FT Freeze
<b>Program Type</b>	java
<b>Program Name</b>	com.splwg.ccb.domain.collection.batch.algorithm.LastPaymentDtAmtUpdateAlgorithm
<b>Parameters</b>	NA
<b>Detailed Design</b>	It is invoked when the FT is frozen for payment. Algorithm will update the FT amount and FT date in Account extension table column LAST_PAYMENT_AMT and LAST_PAYMENT_DT.

## 4.13 Association Review Check: C1-ASORVCHK

This section provides details of the Association Review Check: C1-ASORVCHK algorithm.

**Table 4–18 Association Review Check: C1-ASORVCHK**

<b>Description</b>	This algorithm is used to check if association review is required.
<b>Detailed Description</b>	This is to decide if the user should review the system association of entities or not. If Association Review is Required - Stay in current status for user review. Set display date to current business date. If association Review is not required then transition to specified next status.
<b>Algorithm Entity</b>	Case Enter Validation
<b>Program Type</b>	java
<b>Program Name</b>	com.splwg.ccb.domain.collection.caseType.specialisedCollections.legal

**Table 4–18 (Cont.) Association Review Check: C1-ASORVCHK**

<b>Parameters</b>	<p><b>Name:</b> NextStatus  <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> N  <b>Description:</b> NA</p> <p><b>Name:</b> AssociationReviewRequired  <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> Y  <b>Description:</b> NA</p>
<b>Detailed Design</b>	It is invoked in the pending status of Legal Process. It decides whether the user should review the system association of entities or not. 'Y' in the algorithm parameter specifies that Association review is required.

**Table 4–19 Association Review Check: Sample Algorithm**

<b>Algorithm Name</b>	C1-ASORVCHK
<b>Parameters</b>	<p><b>Name:</b> NextStatus  <b>Value:</b> ASSNEWLSP</p> <p><b>Name:</b> AssociationReviewRequired  <b>Value:</b> Y</p>

## 4.14 Validate Expired Default Notice: C1-DEFNOEXP

This section provides details of the Validate Expired Default Notice: C1-DEFNOEXP algorithm.

**Table 4–20 Validate Expired Default Notice: C1-DEFNOEXP**

<b>Description</b>	This algorithm is used to validate expired default notices.
<b>Detailed Description</b>	This algorithm returns an error if there is no default notice on a given account or a default notice has not yet expired.
<b>Algorithm Entity</b>	Case Type - Enter Validation
<b>Program Type</b>	java
<b>Program Name</b>	com.splwg.ccb.domain.collection.caseType.specialisedCollections.legal

**Table 4–20 (Cont.) Validate Expired Default Notice: C1-DEFNOEXP**

<b>Parameters</b>	<p><b>Name:</b> associationType <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> Y <b>Description:</b> NA</p> <p><b>Name:</b> validationfailureOption <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> Y <b>Description:</b> NA</p> <p><b>Name:</b> toDoType <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> N <b>Description:</b> NA</p> <p><b>Name:</b> toDoRole <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> N <b>Description:</b> NA</p>
<b>Detailed Design</b>	It is invoked in the pending status of the Legal Process case. It checks if the default notice has expired for a particular account.

**Table 4–21 Validate Expired Default Notice: Sample Algorithm**

<b>Algorithm Name</b>	C1-DEFNOEXP
<b>Parameters</b>	<p><b>Name:</b> associationType <b>Value:</b> P</p> <p><b>Name:</b> validationfailureOption <b>Value:</b> N</p> <p><b>Name:</b> toDoType <b>Value:</b> C1-TD-DN</p> <p><b>Name:</b> toDoRole <b>Value:</b></p>

## 4.15 Associate Related Entity: C1-ASSOENTY

This section provides details of the Associate Related Entity: C1-ASSOENTY algorithm.

**Table 4–22 Associate Related Entity: C1-ASSOENTY**

<b>Description</b>	This algorithm is used to associate related entities with the case.
<b>Detailed Description</b>	This algorithm pulls the related entities associated with the case.
<b>Algorithm Entity</b>	Case Type - Enter Validation

**Table 4–22 (Cont.) Associate Related Entity: C1-ASSOENTY**

<b>Program Type</b>	java
<b>Program Name</b>	com.splwg.ccb.domain.collection.caseType.specialisedCollections.legal
<b>Parameters</b>	<p><b>Name:</b> hostId  <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> Y  <b>Description:</b> NA</p> <p><b>Name:</b> toDoType  <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> Y  <b>Description:</b> NA</p> <p><b>Name:</b> toDoRole  <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> N  <b>Description:</b> NA</p>
<b>Detailed Design</b>	It is invoked in the pending state of the Legal Case process. The algorithm associates the primary account with the persons attached to it and also the accounts which have the same set of financially responsible customers as in the primary account.

**Table 4–23 Associate Related Entity: Sample Algorithm**

<b>Algorithm Name</b>	C1-ASSOENTY
<b>Parameters</b>	<p><b>Name:</b> hostId  <b>Value:</b> NGP</p> <p><b>Name:</b> toDoType  <b>Value:</b> C1-TD-AC</p> <p><b>Name:</b> toDoRole  <b>Value:</b></p>

## 4.16 Validate Legal Case Exists: C1-CHKLGL

This section provides details of the Validate Legal Case Exists: C1-CHKLGL algorithm.

**Table 4–24 Validate Legal Case Exists: C1-CHKLGL**

<b>Description</b>	This algorithm is used to validate if an active legal case exists at the same time.
<b>Detailed Description</b>	This algorithm checks if a legal case is already running on the primary account any account in the collection with the same owner.
<b>Algorithm Entity</b>	Case Enter Validation
<b>Program Type</b>	java
<b>Program Name</b>	com.splwg.ccb.domain.collection.caseType.specialisedCollections.legal



**Table 4–24 (Cont.) Validate Legal Case Exists: C1-CHKLGL**

<b>Parameters</b>	<b>Name:</b> Case Category <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> Y <b>Description:</b> NA  <b>Name:</b> toDoType <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> Y <b>Description:</b> NA  <b>Name:</b> toDoRole <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> N <b>Description:</b> NA
<b>Detailed Design</b>	It is invoked in the pending state of the Legal Process case. It checks if there is any legal case running on the primary account or its related entities.

**Table 4–25 Validate Legal Case Exists: Sample Algorithm**

<b>Algorithm Name</b>	C1-ASSOENTY
<b>Parameters</b>	<b>Name:</b> Case Category <b>Value:</b> LEGL  <b>Name:</b> toDoType <b>Value:</b> C1-TD-CL  <b>Name:</b> toDoRole <b>Value:</b>

## 4.17 Assign New LSP: C1-ASGNLSP

This section provides details of the Assign New LSP: C1-ASGNLSP algorithm.

**Table 4–26 Assign New LSP: C1-ASGNLSP**

<b>Description</b>	This algorithm is used to assign LSP to the case.
<b>Detailed Description</b>	This algorithm assigns the LSP to the case either automatically or let the user assign manually depending on the value entered in the algorithm parameters.
<b>Algorithm Entity</b>	Case Enter Status
<b>Program Type</b>	java
<b>Program Name</b>	com.splwg.ccb.domain.collection.caseType.specialisedCollections.legal

**Table 4–26 (Cont.) Assign New LSP: C1-ASGNLSP**

<b>Parameters</b>	<p><b>Name:</b> New Allocation And Review Option <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> N <b>Description:</b> NA</p> <p><b>Name:</b> Change LSP Allocation Option <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> N <b>Description:</b> NA</p> <p><b>Name:</b> Reset Document Submission Date <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> N <b>Description:</b> NA</p> <p><b>Name:</b> Previous Allocation Check <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> N <b>Description:</b> NA</p> <p><b>Name:</b> Next Status <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> N <b>Description:</b> NA</p>
<b>Detailed Design</b>	It is invoked in the Assign New LSP status of the Legal Process case. Depending on the different algorithm parameter values, the LSP is assigned automatically or manually (both in cases of First time assignment or change assignment).

**Table 4–27 Assign New LSP: Sample Algorithm**

<b>Algorithm Name</b>	C1-ASGNLSP
<b>Parameters</b>	<p><b>Name:</b> New Allocation And Review Option <b>Value:</b> AUTO_WITH_REVIEW_PRVALLOC</p> <p><b>Name:</b> Change LSP Allocation Option <b>Value:</b> AUTO_WITH_REVIEW</p> <p><b>Name:</b> Reset Document Submission Date <b>Value:</b> N</p> <p><b>Name:</b> Previous Allocation Check <b>Value:</b> Y</p> <p><b>Name:</b> Next Status <b>Value:</b> PREPLGLDOC</p>

## 4.18 Check Approval Requirement: C1-APPRCHK

This section provides details of the Check Approval Requirement: C1-APPRCHK algorithm.

**Table 4–28 Check Approval Requirement: C1-APPRCHK**

<b>Description</b>	This algorithm is used to check the need of approval.
<b>Detailed Description</b>	This algorithm checks if LSP assignments should be approved.
<b>Algorithm Entity</b>	Case Type - Enter Processing
<b>Program Type</b>	java
<b>Program Name</b>	com.splwg.ccb.domain.collection.caseType.specialisedCollections.legal
<b>Parameters</b>	<p><b>Name:</b> Exposure Threshold  <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> N  <b>Description:</b> NA</p> <p><b>Name:</b> Approval Request Status  <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> N  <b>Description:</b> NA</p> <p><b>Name:</b> approvedStatus  <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> N  <b>Description:</b> NA</p> <p><b>Name:</b> rejectRequestStatus  <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> N  <b>Description:</b> NA</p>
<b>Detailed Design</b>	It is invoked in the Prepare Legal Documents status of the Legal Process Case. It checks if the approval is required for the LSP assignment depending on the algorithm parameter values. It also decides where to transit the case.

**Table 4–29 Check Approval Requirement: Sample Algorithm**

<b>Algorithm Name</b>	C1-ASGNLSP
<b>Parameters</b>	<p><b>Name:</b> Exposure Threshold  <b>Value:</b> 10</p> <p><b>Name:</b> Approval Request Status  <b>Value:</b> PENDINGAPP</p> <p><b>Name:</b> approvedStatus  <b>Value:</b> WTFRLSPACK</p> <p><b>Name:</b> rejectRequestStatus  <b>Value:</b> ASSNEWLSP</p>

## 4.19 Save the Status Before Change LSP: C1-SAVESTATUS

This section provides details of the Save the Status Before Change LSP: C1-SAVESTATUS algorithm.

**Table 4–30 Save the Status Before Change LSP: C1-SAVESTATUS**

<b>Description</b>	This algorithm is used to save the status before the status changes in LSP.
<b>Detailed Description</b>	This algorithm saves the status from where it came to Change LSP status. This will be stored in CI_LSP_DTLS table.
<b>Algorithm Entity</b>	Case Type-Enter Processing
<b>Program Type</b>	java
<b>Program Name</b>	com.splwg.ccb.domain.collection.caseType.specialisedCollections.legal
<b>Parameters</b>	NA
<b>Detailed Design</b>	It is invoked in the Change or Retire LSP status of the Legal Process Case. It stores the previous state of the case so that it returns to that state after the LSP for the case is changed.

## 4.20 Resume Status from Previous LSP: C1-RESSTATUS

This section provides details of the Resume Status from Previous LSP: C1-RESSTATUS algorithm.

**Table 4–31 Resume Status from Previous LSP: C1-RESSTATUS**

<b>Description</b>	This algorithm is used to resume status from previous LSP.
<b>Detailed Description</b>	This algorithm resumes the previous state stored while changing LSP.
<b>Algorithm Entity</b>	Customer class - FT Freeze
<b>Program Type</b>	java
<b>Program Name</b>	com.splwg.ccb.domain.collection.caseType.specialisedCollections.legal
<b>Parameters</b>	NA
<b>Detailed Design</b>	It is invoked in the Legal in Progress status of the Legal Process Case. It resumes the status where the case was previously in before changing the LSP for the case.

## 4.21 Check Submission Date: C1-CHKSUBDT1

This section provides details of the Check Submission Date: C1-CHKSUBDT1 algorithm.

**Table 4–32 Check Submission Date: C1-CHKSUBDT1**

<b>Description</b>	This algorithm is used to check submission date.
<b>Detailed Description</b>	This algorithm checks if the document submission date is filled from screen. If it is present, the case is auto transitioned to 'WAIT FOR LSP ACKNOWLEDGMENT' status directly from 'ASSIGN NEW LSP' status.
<b>Algorithm Entity</b>	Case Auto Transition Validation

**Table 4–32 (Cont.) Check Submission Date: C1-CHKSUBDT1**

<b>Program Type</b>	java
<b>Program Name</b>	com.splwg.ccb.domain.collection.caseType.specialisedCollections.legal
<b>Parameters</b>	<p><b>Name:</b> nextStatus  <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> Y  <b>Description:</b> NA</p> <p><b>Name:</b> changeStatus  <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> Y  <b>Description:</b> NA</p>
<b>Detailed Design</b>	It is invoked in the Prepare Legal Documents status of the Legal Process case. This algorithm checks for the presence of document submission date in the database. If document submission date is present in the database, then based on the soft parameter it will transition the case to next status.

**Table 4–33 Check Submission Date: Sample Algorithm**

<b>Algorithm Name</b>	C1-CHKSUBDT1
<b>Parameters</b>	<p><b>Name:</b> nextStatus  <b>Value:</b> WTFRLSPACK</p> <p><b>Name:</b> changeStatus  <b>Value:</b> Y</p>

## 4.22 Update LSP (CLOS): C1-LSPSTATUS

This section provides details of the Update LSP (CLOS): C1-LSPSTATUS algorithm.

**Table 4–34 Update LSP (CLOS): C1-LSPSTATUS**

<b>Description</b>	Legal Proceedings - Update Status
<b>Detailed Description</b>	This algorithm updates the end date and assignment status of the CI_LSP_DTLS table after the Legal case is either closed or cancelled.
<b>Algorithm Entity</b>	Case Type-Enter Status
<b>Program Type</b>	java
<b>Program Name</b>	com.splwg.ccb.domain.collection.caseType.specialisedCollections.legal
<b>Parameters</b>	<p><b>Name:</b> lspAssignmentStatus  <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> Y  <b>Description:</b> NA</p>
<b>Detailed Design</b>	It is invoked in the Complete, Withdraw status of the Legal Process case. This algorithm updates the end date and assignment status of the CI_LSP_DTLS table after the Legal case is either completed or withdrawn.

**Table 4–35 Update LSP (CLOS): Sample Algorithm**

<b>Algorithm Name</b>	C1-LSPSTATUS
<b>Parameters</b>	<b>Name:</b> lspAssignmentStatus <b>Value:</b> CLOS

## 4.23 Update LSP (CANCEL): C1-LSPSTACAN

This section provides details of the Update LSP (CANCEL): C1-LSPSTACAN algorithm.

**Table 4–36 Update LSP (CANCEL): C1-LSPSTACAN**

<b>Description</b>	Legal Proceedings - Update Status
<b>Detailed Description</b>	This algorithm updates the end date and assignment status of the CI_LSP_DTLS table after the Legal case is either closed or cancelled.
<b>Algorithm Entity</b>	Case Type-Enter Status
<b>Program Type</b>	java
<b>Program Name</b>	com.splwg.ccb.domain.collection.caseType.specialisedCollections.legal
<b>Parameters</b>	<b>Name:</b> lspAssignmentStatus <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> Y <b>Description:</b> NA
<b>Detailed Design</b>	It is invoked in the CANCEL status of the Legal Process case. This algorithm updates the end date and assignment status of the CI_LSP_DTLS table after the Legal case is cancelled.

**Table 4–37 Update LSP (CANCEL): Sample Algorithm**

<b>Algorithm Name</b>	C1-LSPSTACAN
<b>Parameters</b>	<b>Name:</b> lspAssignmentStatus <b>Value:</b> CAN

## 4.24 Validate Expired Default Notice: C1-DEFNOTEXP

This section provides details of the Validate Expired Default Notice: C1-DEFNOTEXP algorithm.

**Table 4–38 Validate Expired Default Notice: C1-DEFNOTEXP**

<b>Description</b>	Validate Expired Default Notice
<b>Detailed Description</b>	This algorithm returns an error if there is no default notice on a given account or a default notice has not yet expired.
<b>Algorithm Entity</b>	Case Type - Enter Validation
<b>Program Type</b>	java

**Table 4–38 (Cont.) Validate Expired Default Notice: C1-DEFNOTEXP**

<b>Program Name</b>	com.splwg.ccb.domain.collection.caseType.specialisedCollections.legal
<b>Parameters</b>	<p><b>Name:</b> associationType  <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> Y  <b>Description:</b> NA</p> <p><b>Name:</b> validationfailureOption  <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> Y  <b>Description:</b> NA</p> <p><b>Name:</b> toDoType  <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> N  <b>Description:</b> NA</p> <p><b>Name:</b> toDoRole  <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> N  <b>Description:</b> NA</p>
<b>Detailed Design</b>	It is invoked in the Assign New LSP status of the Legal Process case. It checks if the default notice has expired for a particular account.

**Table 4–39 Validate Expired Default Notice: Sample Algorithm**

<b>Algorithm Name</b>	C1-DEFNOTEXP
<b>Parameters</b>	<p><b>Name:</b> associationType  <b>Value:</b> A</p> <p><b>Name:</b> validationfailureOption  <b>Value:</b> Y</p> <p><b>Name:</b> toDoType  <b>Value:</b> C1-TD-DN</p> <p><b>Name:</b> toDoRole  <b>Value:</b></p>

## 4.25 Collateral Verification: C1-VRFYCOLS

This section provides details of the Collateral Verification: C1-VRFYCOLS algorithm.

**Table 4–40 Collateral Verification: C1-VRFYCOLS**

<b>Description</b>	Collateral Verification
<b>Detailed Description</b>	<p>This will perform following validations for the collateral with the case:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ If the soft parameter for Collateral type to this algorithm type is "PROPERTY", then one collateral is associated with the case and that Collateral is associated with Facility for the primary account associated with the case.</li> <li>▪ If collateral type soft parameter is blank, then above validation should be ignored and Collateral status is set to Not Sold.</li> <li>▪ It will also validate that if there is no active Asset repossession case running for the collateral. If any of the above validations fail, case creation process should be terminated.</li> </ul>
<b>Algorithm Entity</b>	Case Type-Enter Status
<b>Program Type</b>	java
<b>Program Name</b>	com.splwg.ccb.domain.collection.caseType.specialisedCollections.AssetRepo.CollateralVerification
<b>Parameters</b>	<p><b>Name:</b> Collateral Type</p> <p><b>Required (Yes/No):</b> N</p> <p><b>Description:</b> NA</p>
<b>Detailed Design</b>	It is invoked in the Pending status of the Asset Repossession Process case. It Verifies the collateral associated with account.

**Table 4–41 Collateral Verification: Sample Algorithm**

<b>Algorithm Name</b>	C1-VRFYCOLS
<b>Parameters</b>	<p><b>Name:</b> Collateral Type</p> <p><b>Value:</b> PROPERTY</p>

## 4.26 Account Association for Asset Repossession Case: C1-ARSACCTS

This section provides details of the Account Association for Asset Repossession Case: C1-ARSACCTS algorithm.

**Table 4–42 Account Association for Asset Repossession Case: C1-ARSACCTS**

<b>Description</b>	Account Association for Asset repossession case
<b>Detailed Description</b>	<p>This algorithm will perform following actions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ It gets all facilities to which this collateral is associated and all accounts for these facilities.</li> <li>▪ It associates these accounts with the case.</li> </ul> <p>Scope of this association is limited to accounts already in collections. This process will not check for any accounts not in collections.</p> <p>This algorithm doesn't have any soft parameter.</p>
<b>Algorithm Entity</b>	Case Type-Enter Status



**Table 4–42 (Cont.) Account Association for Asset Repossession Case: C1-ARSACCTS**

<b>Program Type</b>	java
<b>Program Name</b>	com.splwg.ccb.domain.collection.caseType.specialisedCollections.AssetRepo.AccountAssociationForAssetRepossessionCase
<b>Parameters</b>	NA
<b>Detailed Design</b>	It is invoked in the Pending status of the Asset Repossession Process case. It will associate facilities of account with case.

## 4.27 Customer Association for Asset Repossession Case: C1-ARSCUSTS

This section provides details of the Customer Association for Asset Repossession Case: C1-ARSCUSTS algorithm.

**Table 4–43 Customer Association for Asset Repossession Case: C1-ARSCUSTS**

<b>Description</b>	Customer Association for Asset repossession case
<b>Detailed Description</b>	<p>This algorithm performs the following actions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ It gets all customers who are the owners for the selected collateral</li> <li>■ It associates these customers with the case</li> </ul> <p>Scope of this association is limited to customers already in collections. This process will not check for any customers not in collections.</p> <p>This algorithm does not have any soft parameter.</p>
<b>Algorithm Entity</b>	Case Type-Enter Status
<b>Program Type</b>	java
<b>Program Name</b>	com.splwg.ccb.domain.collection.caseType.specialisedCollections.AssetRepo.CustomerAssociationForAssetRepossessionCase
<b>Parameters</b>	NA
<b>Detailed Design</b>	It is invoked in the Pending status of the Asset Repossession Process case. It will associate facilities of customer with case.

## 4.28 Update Collateral Property: C1-SETCOLLPR

This section provides details of the Update Collateral Property: C1-SETCOLLPR algorithm.

**Table 4–44 Update Collateral Property: C1-SETCOLLPR**

<b>Description</b>	Update Collateral Property
<b>Detailed Description</b>	<p>This algorithm will perform following operations:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ If the value of updateCollateralProperty soft parameter is "SET" and type of possession is "Warrant" then Fetch the collateral for which case is created and update the IS_LEGAL_SW= "Y" and populate the case_ID on this collateral.</li> <li>■ If the value of updateCollateralProperty soft parameter is "RESET" then Fetch the collateral for which case is created and update the IS_LEGAL_SW= "N" and IS_REPO_SW= "N" nullify the case_ID on this collateral.</li> </ul>
<b>Algorithm Entity</b>	Case Type-Enter Status

**Table 4–44 (Cont.) Update Collateral Property: C1-SETCOLLPR**

<b>Program Type</b>	java
<b>Program Name</b>	com.splwg.ccb.domain.collection.caseType.specialisedCollections.AssetRepo.UpdateCollateralProperty
<b>Parameters</b>	<b>Name:</b> UpdateCollateralProperty <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> Y <b>Description:</b> NA
<b>Detailed Design</b>	It is invoked in the Pending status of the Asset Repossession Process case. It updates the collateral Properties like IS_LEGAL_SW, IS_REPO_SW depending on user inputs.

## 4.29 Close To do's Algorithm: C1-CLSTODOA

This section provides details of the Close To do's Algorithm: C1-CLSTODOA algorithm.

**Table 4–45 Close To do's Algorithm: C1-CLSTODOA**

<b>Description</b>	Close To do's algorithm
<b>Detailed Description</b>	This process will close all To-Do's of specific To-do types associated with the case. Up to five To-Do types can be given to this algorithm to close.
<b>Algorithm Entity</b>	Case Type-Exit Status
<b>Program Type</b>	java
<b>Program Name</b>	com.splwg.ccb.domain.collection.caseType.specialisedCollections.CloseTodo

**Table 4–45 (Cont.) Close To do's Algorithm: C1-CLSTODOA**

<b>Parameters</b>	<p><b>Name:</b> To Do Type1 <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> N <b>Description:</b> NA</p> <p><b>Name:</b> To Do Type2 <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> N <b>Description:</b> NA</p> <p><b>Name:</b> To Do Type3 <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> N <b>Description:</b> NA</p> <p><b>Name:</b> To Do Type4 <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> N <b>Description:</b> NA</p> <p><b>Name:</b> To Do Type5 <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> N <b>Description:</b> NA</p>
<b>Detailed Design</b>	It is invoked while exiting from Pending status of the Asset Repossession Process case. This process will close all To-Do's of "No activity" To-do types associated with the case.

**Table 4–46 Close To do's Algorithm: Sample Algorithm**

<b>Algorithm Name</b>	C1-ARSCUSTS
<b>Parameters</b>	<p><b>Name:</b> To Do Type1 <b>Value:</b> C1-ANA1</p> <p><b>Name:</b> To Do Type2 <b>Value:</b> C1-ANA2</p> <p><b>Name:</b> To Do Type3 <b>Value:</b></p> <p><b>Name:</b> To Do Type4 <b>Value:</b></p> <p><b>Name:</b> To Do Type5 <b>Value:</b></p>

## 4.30 Validations for Mandatory Characteristics: C1-CHARVALU

This section provides details of the Validations for Mandatory Characteristics: C1-CHARVALU algorithm.

**Table 4–47 Validations for Mandatory Characteristics: C1-CHARVALU**

<b>Description</b>	Validations for Mandatory Characteristics
<b>Detailed Description</b>	Subjective Validations for Mandatory Characteristics
<b>Algorithm Entity</b>	Case Type-Enter Status
<b>Program Type</b>	java
<b>Program Name</b>	com.splwg.ccb.domain.collection.caseType.specialisedCollections.AssetRepo.MandatoryCharacteristics
<b>Parameters</b>	<p><b>Name:</b> ReferenceCharacteristicsValue  <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> Y  <b>Description:</b> NA</p> <p><b>Name:</b> ReferenceCharacteristic  <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> Y  <b>Description:</b> NA</p> <p><b>Name:</b> CaseCharacteristics1  <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> N  <b>Description:</b> NA</p> <p><b>Name:</b> CaseCharacteristics2  <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> N  <b>Description:</b> NA</p> <p><b>Name:</b> CaseCharacteristics3  <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> N  <b>Description:</b> NA</p> <p><b>Name:</b> CaseCharacteristics4  <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> N  <b>Description:</b> NA</p> <p><b>Name:</b> CaseCharacteristics5  <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> N  <b>Description:</b> NA</p>
<b>Detailed Design</b>	It is invoked in Effected Possession status of the Asset Repossession Process case. This algorithm will carry out subjective validation based on the type of input.

**Table 4–48 Validations for Mandatory Characteristics: Sample Algorithm**

<b>Algorithm Name</b>	C1-CHARVALU
<b>Parameters</b>	<p><b>Name:</b> ReferenceCharacteristicsValue <b>Value:</b> Type of Possession</p> <p><b>Name:</b> ReferenceCharacteristic <b>Value:</b> Voluntary Possession</p> <p><b>Name:</b> CaseCharacteristics1 <b>Value:</b> Vacancy Date</p> <p><b>Name:</b> CaseCharacteristics2 <b>Value:</b> Vacancy Possession Indemnity Policy Reference</p> <p><b>Name:</b> CaseCharacteristics3 <b>Value:</b> Property Surrender Letter Reference</p> <p><b>Name:</b> CaseCharacteristics4 <b>Value:</b> Property Surrender Letter Reference</p> <p><b>Name:</b> CaseCharacteristics5 <b>Value:</b></p>

### 4.31 Validations for Mandatory Characteristics: C1-CHARVALA

This section provides details of the Validations for Mandatory Characteristics: C1-CHARVALA algorithm.

**Table 4–49 Validations for Mandatory Characteristics: C1-CHARVALA**

<b>Description</b>	Validations for Mandatory Characteristics
<b>Detailed Description</b>	Subjective Validations for Mandatory Characteristics
<b>Algorithm Entity</b>	Case Type-Exit Status
<b>Program Type</b>	java
<b>Program Name</b>	com.splwg.ccb.domain.collection.caseType.specialisedCollections.AssetRepo.MandatoryCharacteristics

**Table 4–49 (Cont.) Validations for Mandatory Characteristics: C1-CHARVALA**

<p><b>Parameters</b></p>	<p><b>Name:</b> ReferenceCharacteristicsValue  <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> Y  <b>Description:</b> NA</p> <p><b>Name:</b> ReferenceCharacteristic  <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> Y  <b>Description:</b> NA</p> <p><b>Name:</b> CaseCharacteristics1  <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> N  <b>Description:</b> NA</p> <p><b>Name:</b> CaseCharacteristics2  <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> N  <b>Description:</b> NA</p> <p><b>Name:</b> CaseCharacteristics3  <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> N  <b>Description:</b> NA</p> <p><b>Name:</b> CaseCharacteristics4  <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> N  <b>Description:</b> NA</p> <p><b>Name:</b> CaseCharacteristics5  <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> N  <b>Description:</b> NA</p>
<p><b>Detailed Design</b></p>	<p>It is invoked in Effected Possession status of the Asset Repossession Process case. This algorithm will carry out subjective validation based on the type of input.</p>

**Table 4–50 Validations for Mandatory Characteristics: Sample Algorithm**

<b>Algorithm Name</b>	C1-CHARVALU
<b>Parameters</b>	<p><b>Name:</b> ReferenceCharacteristicsValue <b>Value:</b> Type of Possession</p> <p><b>Name:</b> ReferenceCharacteristic <b>Value:</b> Voluntary Possession</p> <p><b>Name:</b> CaseCharacteristics1 <b>Value:</b> Legal Case ID</p> <p><b>Name:</b> CaseCharacteristics2 <b>Value:</b></p> <p><b>Name:</b> CaseCharacteristics3 <b>Value:</b></p> <p><b>Name:</b> CaseCharacteristics4 <b>Value:</b></p> <p><b>Name:</b> CaseCharacteristics5 <b>Value:</b></p>

## 4.32 Update Collateral Status in the Host: C1-UPCOLLSTZ

This section provides details of the Update Collateral Status in the Host: C1-UPCOLLSTZ algorithm.

**Table 4–51 Update Collateral Status in the Host: C1-UPCOLLSTZ**

<b>Description</b>	Update Collateral Status in the host
<b>Detailed Description</b>	<p>This process updates the collateral status in the host. The value of status to be set will be passed as parameter to the process.</p> <p>If the update fails for any reason, system should create a To-do. Message for the To-do should be configured based on type of update which failed.</p> <p>To-do should be assigned to the To-do Role set as parameter to this process. If the parameter is left blank, To-do should be assigned to the default role.</p>
<b>Algorithm Entity</b>	Case Type-Enter Status
<b>Program Type</b>	java
<b>Program Name</b>	com.splwg.ccb.domain.collection.caseType.specialisedCollections.AssetRepo.UpdateCollateralStatusInTheHost

**Table 4–51 (Cont.) Update Collateral Status in the Host: C1-UPCOLLSTZ**

<b>Parameters</b>	<p><b>Name:</b> To Do Role  <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> N  <b>Description:</b> NA</p> <p><b>Name:</b> To Do Type  <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> Y  <b>Description:</b> NA</p> <p><b>Name:</b> Collateral Status  <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> Y  <b>Description:</b> NA</p>
<b>Detailed Design</b>	It is invoked in Effected Possession status of the Asset Repossession Process case. This process will update the collateral status in the host.

**Table 4–52 Update Collateral Status in the Host: Sample Algorithm**

<b>Algorithm Name</b>	C1-UPCOLLSTZ
<b>Parameters</b>	<p><b>Name:</b> To Do Role  <b>Value:</b></p> <p><b>Name:</b> To Do Type  <b>Value:</b> C1-TD-UC</p> <p><b>Name:</b> Collateral Status  <b>Value:</b> Sold</p>

### 4.33 Initiate Collateral Valuation: C1-COLLVALX

This section provides details of the Initiate Collateral Valuation: C1-COLLVALX algorithm.



**Table 4–53 Initiate Collateral Valuation: C1-COLLVALX**

<b>Description</b>	Update Collateral Status in the host
<b>Detailed Description</b>	<p>This algorithm works as follows:</p> <p>System should check if "X" days have elapsed since the last assessment was done for the collateral. That is check if (Assessment date + X) &lt;= Current business date. Number of days, X, will be set as Assessment Expiry Days parameter for this process.</p> <p>If yes - Create a To-do to alert the user that collateral valuation is required. This to-do should be associated with the case. To-do Type is passed as a parameter to the process.</p> <p>However, To-do should not be created if:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ A To-do of same to-do type is already open for the case</li> <li>■ A To-do of same to-do type was closed within past "Y" days</li> </ul> <p>To-do should be assigned to the To-do Role set as parameter to this process. If the parameter is left blank, To-do should be assigned to the default role.</p>
<b>Algorithm Entity</b>	Case Type-Enter Status
<b>Program Type</b>	java
<b>Program Name</b>	com.splwg.ccb.domain.collection.caseType.specialisedCollections.AssetRepo.UpdateCollateralStatusInTheHost
<b>Parameters</b>	<p><b>Name:</b> To Do Role  <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> N  <b>Description:</b> NA</p> <p><b>Name:</b> To Do Type  <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> Y  <b>Description:</b> NA</p> <p><b>Name:</b> Days Since Closure Of Last To Do  <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> Y  <b>Description:</b> NA</p> <p><b>Name:</b> Assessment Expiry Days  <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> Y  <b>Description:</b> NA</p>
<b>Detailed Design</b>	It is invoked while exiting from Pending status of the Asset Repossession Process case. This process will close all To-Do's of "Asset repossession No activity" To-do types associated with the case.

**Table 4–54 Initiate Collateral Valuation: Sample Algorithm**

<b>Algorithm Name</b>	C1-COLLVALX
<b>Parameters</b>	<p><b>Name:</b> To Do Role <b>Value:</b> C1-ASSETRE</p> <p><b>Name:</b> To Do Type <b>Value:</b> C1-TD-UC</p> <p><b>Name:</b> Days Since Closure Of Last To Do <b>Value:</b> 5</p> <p><b>Name:</b> Assessment Expiry Days <b>Value:</b> 5</p>

## 4.34 Close To do's Algorithm: C1-CLSTODOV

This section provides details of the Close To do's Algorithm: C1-CLSTODOV algorithm.

**Table 4–55 Close To do's Algorithm: C1-CLSTODOV**

<b>Description</b>	Close To do's algorithm
<b>Detailed Description</b>	This process will close all To-Do's of specific To-do types associated with the case. Up to five To-Do types can be given to this algorithm to close.
<b>Algorithm Entity</b>	Case Type-Exit Status
<b>Program Type</b>	java
<b>Program Name</b>	com.splwg.ccb.domain.collection.caseType.specialisedCollections.CloseTodo

**Table 4–55 (Cont.) Close To do's Algorithm: C1-CLSTODOV**

<b>Parameters</b>	<p><b>Name:</b> To Do Type1 <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> N <b>Description:</b> NA</p> <p><b>Name:</b> To Do Type2 <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> N <b>Description:</b> NA</p> <p><b>Name:</b> To Do Type3 <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> N <b>Description:</b> NA</p> <p><b>Name:</b> To Do Type4 <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> N <b>Description:</b> NA</p> <p><b>Name:</b> To Do Type5 <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> N <b>Description:</b> NA</p>
<b>Detailed Design</b>	It is invoked while exiting from Sale In-Progress status of the Asset Repossession Process case. This process will close all To-Do's of "No activity" To-do types associated with the case.

**Table 4–56 Close To do's Algorithm: Sample Algorithm**

<b>Algorithm Name</b>	C1-CLSTODOV
<b>Parameters</b>	<p><b>Name:</b> To Do Type1 <b>Value:</b> C1-LNA1</p> <p><b>Name:</b> To Do Type2 <b>Value:</b> C1-LNA1</p> <p><b>Name:</b> To Do Type3 <b>Value:</b> C1-TD-CV</p> <p><b>Name:</b> To Do Type4 <b>Value:</b></p> <p><b>Name:</b> To Do Type5 <b>Value:</b></p>

## 4.35 Validations for Mandatory Characteristics: C1-CHARVALC

This section provides details of the Validations for Mandatory Characteristics: C1-CHARVALC algorithm.

**Table 4–57 Validations for Mandatory Characteristics: C1-CHARVALC**

<b>Description</b>	Validations for Mandatory Characteristics
<b>Detailed Description</b>	Subjective Validations for Mandatory Characteristics
<b>Algorithm Entity</b>	Case Type-Enter Status
<b>Program Type</b>	java
<b>Program Name</b>	com.splwg.ccb.domain.collection.caseType.specialisedCollections.AssetRepo.MandatoryCharacteristics
<b>Parameters</b>	<p><b>Name:</b> ReferenceCharacteristicsValue  <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> Y  <b>Description:</b> NA</p> <p><b>Name:</b> ReferenceCharacteristic  <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> Y  <b>Description:</b> NA</p> <p><b>Name:</b> CaseCharacteristics1  <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> N  <b>Description:</b> NA</p> <p><b>Name:</b> CaseCharacteristics2  <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> N  <b>Description:</b> NA</p> <p><b>Name:</b> CaseCharacteristics3  <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> N  <b>Description:</b> NA</p> <p><b>Name:</b> CaseCharacteristics4  <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> N  <b>Description:</b> NA</p> <p><b>Name:</b> CaseCharacteristics5  <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> N  <b>Description:</b> NA</p>
<b>Detailed Design</b>	It is invoked in Settlement status of the Asset Repossession Process case. This algorithm will carry out subjective validation based on the type of input.

**Table 4–58 Validations for Mandatory Characteristics: Sample Algorithm**

<b>Algorithm Name</b>	C1-CHARVALU
<b>Parameters</b>	<p><b>Name:</b> ReferenceCharacteristicsValue <b>Value:</b> Type of Possession</p> <p><b>Name:</b> ReferenceCharacteristic <b>Value:</b> Voluntary Possession</p> <p><b>Name:</b> CaseCharacteristics1 <b>Value:</b> Contactor Details</p> <p><b>Name:</b> CaseCharacteristics2 <b>Value:</b> Conveyance Details</p> <p><b>Name:</b> CaseCharacteristics3 <b>Value:</b></p> <p><b>Name:</b> CaseCharacteristics4 <b>Value:</b></p> <p><b>Name:</b> CaseCharacteristics5 <b>Value:</b></p>

## 4.36 Update Collateral Status in the Host: C1-UPCOLLSTX

This section provides details of the Update Collateral Status in the Host: C1-UPCOLLSTX algorithm.

**Table 4–59 Update Collateral Status in the Host: C1-UPCOLLSTX**

<b>Description</b>	Update Collateral Status in the host
<b>Detailed Description</b>	<p>This process updates the collateral status in the host. The value of status to be set will be passed as parameter to the process.</p> <p>If the update fails for any reason, system should create a To-do. Message for the To-do should be configured based on type of update which failed.</p> <p>To-do should be assigned to the To-do Role set as parameter to this process. If the parameter is left blank, To-do should be assigned to the default role.</p>
<b>Algorithm Entity</b>	Case Type-Enter Status
<b>Program Type</b>	java
<b>Program Name</b>	com.splwg.ccb.domain.collection.caseType.specialisedCollections.AssetRepo.UpdateCollateralStatusInTheHost

**Table 4–59 (Cont.) Update Collateral Status in the Host: C1-UPCOLLSTX**

<b>Parameters</b>	<p><b>Name:</b> To Do Role <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> N <b>Description:</b> NA</p> <p><b>Name:</b> To Do Type <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> Y <b>Description:</b> NA</p> <p><b>Name:</b> Collateral Status <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> Y <b>Description:</b> NA</p>
<b>Detailed Design</b>	It is invoked in Settlement status of the Asset Repossession Process case. This process will update the collateral status in the host.

**Table 4–60 Update Collateral Status in the Host: Sample Algorithm**

<b>Algorithm Name</b>	C1-UPCOLLSTZ
<b>Parameters</b>	<p><b>Name:</b> To Do Role <b>Value:</b></p> <p><b>Name:</b> To Do Type <b>Value:</b> C1-TD-UC</p> <p><b>Name:</b> Collateral Status <b>Value:</b> Sold</p>

## 4.37 Validation Settlement: C1-VALSET

This section provides details of the Validation Settlement: C1-VALSET algorithm.

**Table 4–61 Validation Settlement: C1-VALSET**

<b>Description</b>	Validation Settlement
<b>Detailed Description</b>	<p>This algorithm will perform following actions:</p> <p>Before completing the asset repossession case, the below validations should be done for the case:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Collateral should have a settlement date</li> <li>■ Realization status for the collateral should be "Complete"</li> </ul> <p>Transition to completed status will fail if above validations fail.</p>
<b>Algorithm Entity</b>	Case Type-Exit Status
<b>Program Type</b>	java

**Table 4–61 (Cont.) Validation Settlement: C1-VALSET**

<b>Program Name</b>	com.splwg.ccb.domain.collection.caseType.specialisedCollections.AssetRepo.ValidateCollateralSettlementStatus
<b>Parameters</b>	<b>Name:</b> Realization Status <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> Y <b>Description:</b> NA
<b>Detailed Design</b>	It is invoked in Settlement status of the Asset Repossession Process case. This process will update the collateral status in the host.

**Table 4–62 Validation Settlement: Sample Algorithm**

<b>Algorithm Name</b>	C1-UPCOLLSTZ
<b>Parameters</b>	<b>Name:</b> Realization Status <b>Value:</b> REALIZATION_COMPLETE

## 4.38 Initiate LMI Process: C1-INITLMI

This section provides details of the Initiate LMI Process: C1-INITLMI algorithm.

**Table 4–63 Initiate LMI Process: C1-INITLMI**

<b>Description</b>	Initiate LMI Process
<b>Detailed Description</b>	Parameters to the algorithm must be as follows: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ For Initiate LMI Options: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1) "Initiate LMI with highest insured amount" use HIGH_INSUR_AMT</li> <li>2) "Initiate LMI from a specific insurer first" use SPEC_INSURER</li> </ol> </li> <li>■ For No LMI Option: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1) "Mark primary account for strategy review" use PRIMARY</li> <li>2) "Mark all accounts for strategy review" use ALL</li> <li>3) "No Action" use NA</li> </ol> </li> </ul>
<b>Algorithm Entity</b>	Case Type-Exit Status
<b>Program Type</b>	java
<b>Program Name</b>	com.splwg.ccb.domain.collection.caseType.specialisedCollections.AssetRepo.InitiateLMIP

**Table 4–63 (Cont.) Initiate LMI Process: C1-INITLMI**

<b>Parameters</b>	<p><b>Name:</b> Balance Threshold <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> Y <b>Description:</b> NA</p> <p><b>Name:</b> LMI Case Type <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> Y <b>Description:</b> NA</p> <p><b>Name:</b> Initiate LMI Options <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> Y <b>Description:</b> NA</p> <p><b>Name:</b> LMI Insurer Code <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> Y <b>Description:</b> NA</p> <p><b>Name:</b> No LMI Option <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> Y <b>Description:</b> NA</p>
<b>Detailed Design</b>	It is invoked in Settlement status of the Asset Repossession Process case. This process will validate realization status and settlement date for collateral.

**Table 4–64 Initiate LMI Process: Sample Algorithm**

<b>Algorithm Name</b>	C1-INITLMI
<b>Parameters</b>	<p><b>Name:</b> Balance Threshold <b>Value:</b> 1000</p> <p><b>Name:</b> LMI Case Type <b>Value:</b> C1_LMI</p> <p><b>Name:</b> Initiate LMI Options <b>Value:</b> HIGH_INSUR_AMT</p> <p><b>Name:</b> LMI Insurer Code <b>Value:</b> QBE</p> <p><b>Name:</b> No LMI Option <b>Value:</b> ALL</p>



## 4.39 Close To do's Algorithm: C1-CLSTODO

This section provides details of the Close To do's Algorithm: C1-CLSTODO algorithm.

**Table 4–65 Close To do's Algorithm: C1-CLSTODO**

<b>Description</b>	Close To do's algorithm
<b>Detailed Description</b>	This process will close all To-Do's of specific To-do types associated with the case. Up to five To-Do types can be given to this algorithm to close.
<b>Algorithm Entity</b>	Case Type-Exit Status
<b>Program Type</b>	java
<b>Program Name</b>	com.splwg.ccb.domain.collection.caseType.specialisedCollections.CloseTodo
<b>Parameters</b>	<p><b>Name:</b> To Do Type1  <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> N  <b>Description:</b> NA</p> <p><b>Name:</b> To Do Type2  <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> N  <b>Description:</b> NA</p> <p><b>Name:</b> To Do Type3  <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> N  <b>Description:</b> NA</p> <p><b>Name:</b> To Do Type4  <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> N  <b>Description:</b> NA</p> <p><b>Name:</b> To Do Type5  <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> N  <b>Description:</b> NA</p>
<b>Detailed Design</b>	It is invoked while exiting from Settlement status of the Asset Repossession Process case. This process will close all To-Do's associated with the case.

**Table 4–66 Close To do's Algorithm: Sample Algorithm**

<b>Algorithm Name</b>	C1-CLSTODO
<b>Parameters</b>	<p><b>Name:</b> To Do Type1 <b>Value:</b> C1-TD-CL</p> <p><b>Name:</b> To Do Type2 <b>Value:</b> C1-TD-AC</p> <p><b>Name:</b> To Do Type3 <b>Value:</b> C1-TD-DN</p> <p><b>Name:</b> To Do Type4 <b>Value:</b> C1-DNA1</p> <p><b>Name:</b> To Do Type5 <b>Value:</b></p>

## 4.40 Update Collateral Property: C1-RESETCOLL

This section provides details of the Update Collateral Property: C1-RESETCOLL algorithm.

**Table 4–67 Update Collateral Property: C1-RESETCOLL**

<b>Description</b>	Update Collateral Property
<b>Detailed Description</b>	<p>This algorithm will perform following operations:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ If the value of updateCollateralProperty soft parameter is "SET" and type of possession is "Warrant" then Fetch the collateral for which case is created and update the IS_LEGAL_SW= "Y" and populate the case_ID on this collateral.</li> <li>▪ If the value of updateCollateralProperty soft parameter is "RESET" then Fetch the collateral for which case is created and update the IS_LEGAL_SW= "N" and IS_REPO_SW= "N" nullify the case_ID on this collateral.</li> </ul>
<b>Algorithm Entity</b>	Case Type-Enter Status
<b>Program Type</b>	java
<b>Program Name</b>	com.splwg.ccb.domain.collection.caseType.specialisedCollections.AssetRepo.UpdateCollateralProperty
<b>Parameters</b>	<p><b>Name:</b> UpdateCollateralProperty</p> <p><b>Required (Yes/No):</b> Y</p> <p><b>Description:</b> NA</p>
<b>Detailed Design</b>	It is invoked in the Cancelled status of the Asset Repossession Process case. It will update the collateral Properties like IS_LEGAL_SW, IS_REPO_SW depending upon user inputs.

**Table 4–68 Update Collateral Property: Sample Algorithm**

<b>Algorithm Name</b>	C1-RESETCOLL
<b>Parameters</b>	<b>Name:</b> UpdateCollateralProperty <b>Value:</b> RESET

## 4.41 Update Collateral Status in the Host: C1-UPCOLLSTY

This section provides details of the Update Collateral Status in the Host: C1-UPCOLLSTY algorithm.

**Table 4–69 Update Collateral Status in the Host: C1-UPCOLLSTY**

<b>Description</b>	Update Collateral Status in the host
<b>Detailed Description</b>	<p>This process will update the collateral status in the host. The value of status to be set will be passed as parameter to the process.</p> <p>If the update fails for any reason, system should create a To-do. Message for the To-do should be configured based on type of update which failed.</p> <p>To-do should be assigned to the To-do Role set as parameter to this process. If the parameter is left blank, To-do should be assigned to the default role.</p>
<b>Algorithm Entity</b>	Case Type-Enter Status
<b>Program Type</b>	java
<b>Program Name</b>	com.splwg.ccb.domain.collection.caseType.specialisedCollections.AssetRepo.UpdateCollateralStatusInTheHost
<b>Parameters</b>	<p><b>Name:</b> To Do Role <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> N <b>Description:</b> NA</p> <p><b>Name:</b> To Do Type <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> Y <b>Description:</b> NA</p> <p><b>Name:</b> Collateral Status <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> Y <b>Description:</b> NA</p>
<b>Detailed Design</b>	It is invoked in Withdrawn status of the Asset Repossession Process case. This process will update the collateral status in the host.

**Table 4–70 Update Collateral Status in the Host: Sample Algorithm**

<b>Algorithm Name</b>	C1-UPCOLLSTY
<b>Parameters</b>	<b>Name:</b> To Do Role <b>Value:</b>  <b>Name:</b> To Do Type <b>Value:</b> C1-TD-UC  <b>Name:</b> Collateral Status <b>Value:</b> With the Customer

## 4.42 PTP Active Algorithm: C1-PTPACTIVE

This section provides details of the PTP Active Algorithm: C1-PTPACTIVE algorithm.

**Table 4–71 PTP Active Algorithm: C1-PTPACTIVE**

<b>Description</b>	Algorithm to generate letter or SMS on Active Status
<b>Detailed Description</b>	This algorithm is used to generate letter or SMS when PTP moves to Active state.
<b>Algorithm Entity</b>	PTP Active Algorithm
<b>Program Type</b>	java
<b>Program Name</b>	com.splwg.ccb.domain.customerinfo.paymentPlan.CollectionPTPActiveForNgpAlgorithm

**Table 4–71 (Cont.) PTP Active Algorithm: C1-PTPACTIVE**

<b>Parameters</b>	<p><b>Name:</b> contactTypeForLetter  <b>Required (Yes/No):</b>  <b>Description:</b> Contact Type for Letter generation</p> <p><b>Name:</b> contactClassForLetter  <b>Required (Yes/No):</b>  <b>Description:</b> Contact Class for letter generation</p> <p><b>Name:</b> contactMethodForLetter  <b>Required (Yes/No):</b>  <b>Description:</b> Contact Method for Letter generation</p> <p><b>Name:</b> contactTypeForSMS  <b>Required (Yes/No):</b>  <b>Description:</b> Contact Type for SMS</p> <p><b>Name:</b> contactClassForSMS  <b>Required (Yes/No):</b>  <b>Description:</b> Contact Class for SMS</p> <p><b>Name:</b> contactMethodForSMS  <b>Required (Yes/No):</b>  <b>Description:</b> Contact Method for SMS</p>
<b>Detailed Design</b>	This algorithm invokes <b>GenerateContactForPTP</b> service which creates the contact (generate Letter or SMS) when PTP moves to Active state.

**Table 4–72 PTP Active Algorithm: Sample Algorithm**

<b>Algorithm Name</b>	C1-PTPACTIVE
<b>Parameters</b>	<p><b>Name:</b> contactTypeForLetter <b>Value:</b> OVERDUE</p> <p><b>Name:</b> contactClassForLetter <b>Value:</b> CCC</p> <p><b>Name:</b> contactMethodForLetter <b>Value:</b> OTBL</p> <p><b>Name:</b> contactTypeForSMS <b>Value:</b> OVERDUE</p> <p><b>Name:</b> contactClassForSMS <b>Value:</b> CCC</p> <p><b>Name:</b> contactMethodForSMS <b>Value:</b> OTBS</p>

## 4.43 PTP Active Algorithm: C1-PTPKEPT

This section provides details of the PTP Active Algorithm: C1-PTPKEPT algorithm.

**Table 4–73 PTP Active Algorithm: C1-PTPKEPT**

<b>Description</b>	Algorithm to generate letter or SMS on <b>Kept</b> status.
<b>Detailed Description</b>	This algorithm is used to generate letter or SMS when PTP moves to Kept state.
<b>Algorithm Entity</b>	PTP Kept Algorithm
<b>Program Type</b>	java

**Table 4–73 (Cont.) PTP Active Algorithm: C1-PTPKEPT**

<b>Program Name</b>	com.splwg.ccb.domain.customerinfo.paymentPlan.CollectionPTPKeptForNgpAlgorithm
<b>Parameters</b>	<p><b>Name:</b> contactTypeForLetter  <b>Required (Yes/No):</b>  <b>Description:</b> Contact Type for Letter generation</p> <p><b>Name:</b> contactClassForLetter  <b>Required (Yes/No):</b>  <b>Description:</b> Contact Class for letter generation</p> <p><b>Name:</b> contactMethodForLetter  <b>Required (Yes/No):</b>  <b>Description:</b> Contact Method for Letter generation</p> <p><b>Name:</b> contactTypeForSMS  <b>Required (Yes/No):</b>  <b>Description:</b> Contact Type for SMS</p> <p><b>Name:</b> contactClassForSMS  <b>Required (Yes/No):</b>  <b>Description:</b> Contact Class for SMS</p> <p><b>Name:</b> contactMethodForSMS  <b>Required (Yes/No):</b>  <b>Description:</b> Contact Method for SMS</p>
<b>Detailed Design</b>	This algorithm invokes <b>GenerateContactForPTP</b> service, which creates the contact (generate Letter or SMS) when PTP moves to <b>Kept</b> state.

**Table 4–74 PTP Active Algorithm: Sample Algorithm**

<b>Algorithm Name</b>	C1-CURENTITY
<b>Parameters</b>	<p><b>Name:</b> contactTypeForLetter <b>Value:</b> OVERDUE</p> <p><b>Name:</b> contactClassForLetter <b>Value:</b> CCC</p> <p><b>Name:</b> contactMethodForLetter <b>Value:</b> OTBL</p> <p><b>Name:</b> contactTypeForSMS <b>Value:</b> OVERDUE</p> <p><b>Name:</b> contactClassForSMS <b>Value:</b> CCC</p> <p><b>Name:</b> contactMethodForSMS <b>Value:</b> OTBS</p>

## 4.44 PTP Active Algorithm: C1\_PTPBRKLS

This section provides details of the PTP Active Algorithm: C1\_PTPBRKLS algorithm.

**Table 4–75 PTP Active Algorithm: C1\_PTPBRKLS**

<b>Description</b>	Algorithm to generate letter or SMS on Broken Status
<b>Detailed Description</b>	This algorithm is used to generate letter or SMS when PTP moves to broken state.
<b>Algorithm Entity</b>	PTP Broken Algorithm
<b>Program Type</b>	java



**Table 4–75 (Cont.) PTP Active Algorithm: C1\_PTPBRKLS**

<b>Program Name</b>	com.splwg.ccb.domain.customerinfo.paymentPlan.CollectionPTPBrokenForNgpAlgorithm
<b>Parameters</b>	<p><b>Name:</b> contactTypeForLetter  <b>Required (Yes/No):</b>  <b>Description:</b> Contact Type for Letter generation</p> <p><b>Name:</b> contactClassForLetter  <b>Required (Yes/No):</b>  <b>Description:</b> Contact Class for letter generation</p> <p><b>Name:</b> contactMethodForLetter  <b>Required (Yes/No):</b>  <b>Description:</b> Contact Method for Letter generation</p> <p><b>Name:</b> contactTypeForSMS  <b>Required (Yes/No):</b>  <b>Description:</b> Contact Type for SMS</p> <p><b>Name:</b> contactClassForSMS  <b>Required (Yes/No):</b>  <b>Description:</b> Contact Class for SMS</p> <p><b>Name:</b> contactMethodForSMS  <b>Required (Yes/No):</b>  <b>Description:</b> Contact Method for SMS</p>
<b>Detailed Design</b>	This algorithm invokes GenerateContactForPTP service, which creates the contact (generate Letter or SMS) when PTP moves to Broken state.

**Table 4–76 PTP Active Algorithm: Sample Algorithm**

Algorithm Name	C1_PTPBRKLS
Parameters	<p><b>Name:</b> contactTypeForLetter <b>Value:</b> OVERDUE</p> <p><b>Name:</b> contactClassForLetter <b>Value:</b> CCC</p> <p><b>Name:</b> contactMethodForLetter <b>Value:</b> OTBL</p> <p><b>Name:</b> contactTypeForSMS <b>Value:</b> OVERDUE</p> <p><b>Name:</b> contactClassForSMS <b>Value:</b> CCC</p> <p><b>Name:</b> contactMethodForSMS <b>Value:</b> OTBS</p>

If you want to generate letter, the following parameters are mandatory:

- contactTypeForLetter
- contactClassForLetter
- contactMethodForLetter

If you want to generate SMS, following parameters are mandatory:

- contactTypeForSMS
- contactClassForSMS
- contactMethodForSMS

If you want to generate both Letter and SMS, following parameters are mandatory:

- contactTypeForLetter
- contactClassForLetter
- contactMethodForLetter
- contactTypeForSMS
- contactClassForSMS
- contactMethodForSMS

## 4.45 Rule facts populating algorithm: C1-BRLSR

This section provides details of the rule facts populating Algorithm: C1\_BRLSR algorithm.

**Table 4–77 Rule Facts Populating Algorithm: C1-BRLSR**

<b>Description</b>	This algorithm is used to populate the facts required for Rule engine.
<b>Detailed Description</b>	This algorithm populates rule facts for Rule/Ruleset from defined Business Object (BO).
<b>Algorithm Entity</b>	BO Rule Search - Rule Parameter Search
<b>Program Type</b>	java
<b>Program Name</b>	com.splwg.ccb.domain.collection.RuleFactsPopulation
<b>Parameters</b>	<p><b>Name:</b> Input Key1  <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> Yes  <b>Description:</b> Primary Key name of defined BO.</p> <p><b>Name:</b> Input Key2  <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> No  <b>Description:</b> Primary Key name of defined BO.</p> <p><b>Name:</b> Input Key3  <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> No  <b>Description:</b> Primary Key name of defined BO.</p> <p><b>Name:</b> Input Key4  <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> No  <b>Description:</b> Primary Key name of defined BO.</p> <p><b>Name:</b> Input Key5  <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> No  <b>Description:</b> Primary Key name of defined BO.</p>

**Table 4–77 (Cont.) Rule Facts Populating Algorithm: C1-BRLSR**

Parameters	<p><b>Name:</b> Input B O Name1  <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> Yes  <b>Description:</b> BO name to fetch fact values. If BOName1 is defined then its primary key name must be defined in Input Key 1. Similarly configure other BO names.</p> <p><b>Name:</b> Input B O Name2  <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> No  <b>Description:</b> BO name to fetch fact values. If BOName1 is defined then its primary key name must be defined in Input Key 1. Similarly configure other BO names.</p> <p><b>Name:</b> Input B O Name3  <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> No  <b>Description:</b> BO name to fetch fact values. If BOName1 is defined then its primary key name must be defined in Input Key 1. Similarly configure other BO names.</p> <p><b>Name:</b> Input B O Name4  <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> No  <b>Description:</b> BO name to fetch fact values. If BOName1 is defined then its primary key name must be defined in Input Key 1. Similarly configure other BO names.</p> <p><b>Name:</b> Input B O Name5  <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> No  <b>Description:</b> BO name to fetch fact values. If BOName1 is defined then its primary key name must be defined in Input Key 1. Similarly configure other BO names.</p>
Parameters	<p><b>Name:</b> Bo Fields  <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> Yes  <b>Description:</b> Comma separated BO fields of defined BO names.</p> <p><b>Name:</b> Rule Fact Codes  <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> Yes  <b>Description:</b> Comma separated fact codes for rule to be executed. BO Fields and Rule Fact codes should be defined in the same order.</p> <p><b>Name:</b> Pre Populated Rule Facts Algorithm Code  <b>Required (Yes/No):</b> No  <b>Description:</b> Algorithm code of algorithm holding pre populated facts. Rule facts which cannot be retrieved from BO fields can be pre populated in algorithm. These facts will be appended to input facts for rule under execution. Algorithm type must be defined on algorithm spot 'Rule Execution - Pre Populated Rule Facts' (For more information check sample implementation 'C1-PPSF').</p>
<b>Detailed Design</b>	<p>This algorithm is used to populate rule facts from Business object (BO).  Business object fields are fetched using combination of BO name and its respective primary key. Further these values are mapped to rule fact code.  Also, pre-populated facts are appended to these values, if provided from external algorithm.  These populated facts will act as input to defined rule through soft parameter.</p>

**Sample Algorithm**

**Table 4-78 Sample Algorithm**

<b>Algorithm Name</b>	C1-BRLSR
<b>Parameters</b>	<p><b>Name:</b> Input Key1 <b>Value:</b> accountId</p> <p><b>Name:</b> Input Key2 <b>Value:</b></p> <p><b>Name:</b> Input Key3 <b>Value:</b></p> <p><b>Name:</b> Input Key4 <b>Value:</b></p> <p><b>Name:</b> Input Key5 <b>Value:</b></p>
	<p><b>Name:</b> Input B O Name1 <b>Value:</b> C1-ACCT-EXTN</p> <p><b>Name:</b> Input B O Name2 <b>Value:</b></p> <p><b>Name:</b> Input B O Name3 <b>Value:</b></p> <p><b>Name:</b> Input B O Name4 <b>Value:</b></p> <p><b>Name:</b> Input B O Name5 <b>Value:</b></p> <p><b>Name:</b> Bo Fields <b>Value:</b> productClassCode, overdueAmount</p> <p><b>Name:</b> Rule Fact Codes <b>Value:</b> ProductClass, OverdueAmount</p> <p><b>Name:</b> Pre Populated Rule Facts Algorithm Code <b>Value:</b></p>

## 4.46 Borrower Centric Case Lifecycle

This table provides details of the Borrower Level: C1-ASSODELAC algorithm.

**Table 4–79 Borrower Level: C1-ASSODELAC**

<b>Description</b>	Associate new delinquent account of the customer
<b>Detailed Description</b>	Associate delinquent accounts where the customer is the main customer to the case.
<b>Algorithm Entity</b>	Case Enter Status
<b>Program Type</b>	java
<b>Program Name</b>	com.splwg.ccb.domain.collection.caseType.specialisedCollections.AssociateDelinquentAccount
<b>Parameters</b>	
<b>Detailed Design</b>	It is invoked in Pending status of borrower centric case. Transition to Borrower Centricity happens only if a customer has multiple delinquent accounts where he is the main customer only.

This table provides details of the Borrower Level : C1-BRWRSW\_Y algorithm.

**Table 4–80 Borrower Level : C1-BRWRSW\_Y**

<b>Algorithm Name</b>	C1-BRWRSW_Y
<b>Parameters</b>	<b>Name:</b> Customer Level Switch Name <b>Value:</b> BRRWR_SW  <b>Name:</b> Switch Value <b>Value:</b> Y

This table provides details of the Borrower Level : C1-BRWTRNDF algorithm.

**Table 4–81 Borrower Level : C1-BRWTRNDF**

<b>Algorithm Name</b>	C1-BRWTRNDF
<b>Parameters</b>	<b>Name:</b> Wait Days <b>Value:</b> 0

This table provides details of the Borrower Level : C1-BRWRSW\_N algorithm.

**Table 4–82 Borrower Level : C1-BRWRSW\_N**

<b>Algorithm Name</b>	C1-BRWRSW_N
<b>Parameters</b>	<b>Name:</b> Customer Level Switch Name <b>Value:</b> BRRWR_SW  <b>Name:</b> Switch Value <b>Value:</b> N

## 4.47 Update Collection Address on Borrower Panel

This table provides details of the Person Address Update -Pre-Processing: C1-PADDPRE algorithm.

**Table 4–83 Person Address Update -Pre-Processing: C1-PADDPRE**

<b>Description</b>	Person Address Update - Pre Processing
<b>Detailed Description</b>	This algorithm is hooked in PreprocessBusinessObjectRequestAlgorithmSpot. Business object Name: C1-PERADDRCO. Currently there is no logic inside this algorithm. Implementation team can write their own algorithm in this spot and they can attach this in C1-PERADDRCO
<b>Algorithm Entity</b>	Business Object -Pre-Processing
<b>Program Type</b>	Java
<b>Program Name</b>	com.splwg.ccb.domain.collection.address.PersonCollectionAddressPreProcess
<b>Parameters</b>	
<b>Detailed Design</b>	This algorithm is hooked in PreprocessBusinessObjectRequestAlgorithmSpot. Business object Name: C1-PERADDRCO. Currently there is no logic inside this algorithm. Implementation team can write their own algorithm in this spot and they can attach this in C1-PERADDRCO

This table provides details of the Collection Address Post Processing: C1-PERADDPP algorithm.

**Table 4–84 Collection Address Post Processing: C1-PERADDPP**

<b>Description</b>	Person Address Update - Post Processing
<b>Detailed Description</b>	This is a reference implementation of Post processing algorithm. Customization team can utilize this hook. This is a sample algorithm without having any logic.
<b>Algorithm Entity</b>	Collection Person Address - Post Process
<b>Program Type</b>	Java
<b>Program Name</b>	com.splwg.ccb.domain.collection.address.CollectionPersonAddressPostProcessing
<b>Parameters</b>	
<b>Detailed Design</b>	This is a reference implementation of Post processing algorithm. Customization team can utilize this hook. This is a sample algorithm without having any logic.

## 4.48 Update Collection Contact Point

This table provides details of Person Contact Point Update - Pre Processing: C1-PCONTPRE algorithm.

**Table 4–85 Person Contact Point Update - Pre Processing: C1-PCONTPRE**

<b>Description</b>	Person Contact Point Update - Pre Processing
<b>Detailed Description</b>	Contact Point PreProcessing algorithm is attached on BO pre processing spot. This hook is provided for customization and can be utilized to validate the contact point data.
<b>Algorithm Entity</b>	Business Object - Pre Processing
<b>Program Type</b>	Java

**Table 4–85 (Cont.) Person Contact Point Update - Pre Processing: C1-PCONTPRE**

<b>Program Name</b>	com.splwg.ccb.domain.collection.address.ContactPreferencePreProcess
<b>Parameters</b>	
<b>Detailed Design</b>	Contact Point PreProcessing algorithm is attached on BO pre processing spot. This hook is provided for customization and can be utilized to validate the contact point data.

This table provides details of Collection Contact Point Update - Post Processing: C1-COLLCONTPOST algorithm.

**Table 4–86 Collection Contact Point Update - Post Processing: C1-COLLCONTPOST**

<b>Description</b>	Person Contact Point Update - Post Processing
<b>Detailed Description</b>	This is a reference implementation of Post processing algorithm. Customization team can utilize this hook. This is a sample algorithm without having any logic.
<b>Algorithm Entity</b>	Collection Contact Preference - Post Processing
<b>Program Type</b>	Java
<b>Program Name</b>	com.splwg.ccb.domain.collection.address.CollectionContactPointPostProcessingSpot
<b>Parameters</b>	
<b>Detailed Design</b>	This is a reference implementation of Post processing algorithm. Customization team can utilize this hook. This is a sample algorithm without having any logic.



## Feeder Services

Feeder tables in Collections act as an additional layer to validate incoming data pulled from the host. Since ORMB has its own architecture and framework, incoming data from any host is validated as per ORMB objects standard.

**Table 5–1 Feeder Services**

Service Name	Method Name	Description	Mandatory Fields
AccountFeederApplicationService	AccountFeederResponse update(SessionContext sessionContext,AccountFeederWrapperDTO accountFeederWrapperDTO) throws FatalException	This service adds or updates account related fields in the feeder table. It handles add, update and delete operations.	hostAcctNumber, srcHostId
AccountHardshipDtlsFeederApplicationService	AccountHardshipDtlsFeederResponse update(SessionContext sessionContext,AccountFeederHardshipDtlsWrapperDTO accountFeederHardshipDtlsWrapperDTO) throws FatalException;	This service adds or updates accounts hardship related fields in the feeder table. It handles add, update and delete operations.	hostAcctNumber, srcHostId, reliefEffDt, reliefExpDt, reliefType, hrshipAppId
AccountArrearFeederApplicationService	AccountArrearFeederResponse update(SessionContext sessionContext,AccountArrearFeederWrapperDTO accountArrearFeederWrapperDTO) throws FatalException;	This service adds or updates account arrears related fields in the feeder table. It handles add, update and delete operations. In case of delete, the service also deletes the record from main table.	hostAcctNumber, srcHostId, referenceVal
AccountWarningIndFeederApplicationService	AccountWarningIndFeederResponse update(SessionContext sessionContext,AccountWarningIndFeederWrapperDTO accountWarningIndFeederWrapperDTO) throws FatalException;	This service adds or updates account warning indicator related fields in the feeder table. It handles add, update and delete operations.	hostAcctNumber, srcHostId
AcctPerFeederApplicationService	AcctPerFeederResponse update(SessionContext sessionContext,AcctPerFeederWrapperDTO acctPerFeederWrapperDTO) throws FatalException;	This service adds or updates account person relationship fields in the feeder table. It handles add, update and delete operations.	hostAcctNumber, srcHostId, hostCustomerNbr

**Table 5–1 (Cont.) Feeder Services**

Service Name	Method Name	Description	Mandatory Fields
FeederPersonApplicationService	FeederPersonResponse update(SessionContext sessionContext,AccountFeeder WrapperDTO accountFeederWrapperDTO) throws FatalException	This service adds or updates party related fields in the feeder table. It handles add, update and delete operations.	srcHostId, hostCustomerNbr
FeederPerAddrApplicationService	FeederPerAddrResponse update(SessionContext sessionContext,FeederPerAddr WrapperDTO) throws FatalException	This service adds or updates party address related fields in the feeder table. It handles add, update and delete operations.	srcHostId, hostCustomerNbr, fdrAddrSeqId, addrTypeCd
FeederPerEmpProfileApplicationService	FeederPerEmpProfileResponse update(SessionContext sessionContext,FeederPerEmpProfileWrapperDTO feederPerEmpProfileWrapperDTO) throws FatalException	This service adds or updates party employment details fields in the feeder table. It handles add, update and delete operations.	srcHostId, hostCustomerNbr, determinantValue, fdrEmpSeqId
FeederContactPrefApplicationService	FeederContactPrefResponse update(SessionContext p_ SessionContext, FeederContactPrefWrapperDTO p_ FeederContactPrefWrapperDTO ) throws FatalException	This service adds or updates party contact preferences fields in the feeder table. It handles add, update and delete operations.	srcHostId, hostCustomerNbr, contactPrefType, contactPointType
FeederPerIdApplicationService	FeederPerIdResponse update(SessionContext p_ SessionContext, FeederPerIdWrapperDTO p_ FeederPerIdWrapperDTO) throws FatalException	This service adds or updates party ID type related fields, such as driving license and so on in the feeder table. It handles add, update and delete operations.	srcHostId, hostCustomerNbr, idType
GroupFeederApplicationService	GroupFeederResponse update(SessionContext sessionContext,GroupFeederWrapperDTO groupFeederWrapperDTO) throws FatalException	This service adds or updates group related fields in the feeder table. It handles add and update operations.	Group_id, determinantValue,src HostId
GroupMemberFeederApplicationService	GroupMemberFeederResponse update(SessionContext sessionContext, GroupMemberWrapperDTO groupMemberWrapperDTO) throws FatalException	This service adds or updates group member related fields in the feeder table. It handles add, update and delete operations.	Group_id, srcHostId,determinantValue,Party_id(Host_cust_nbr),party_Name